
Documentation for package "reportlab.graphics"
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reportlab.graphics	7
textlabels	7
Classes	7
BarChartLabel(Label)	7
Public Attributes	7
Label(Widget)	9
Public Attributes	9
NA_Label(BarChartLabel)	11
Public Attributes	11
legends	13
Classes	13
Legend(Widget)	13
Public Attributes	13
Functions	15
sample1c()	15
sample2c()	16
linecharts	17
Classes	17
HorizontalLineChart(LineChart)	17
Public Attributes	17
LineChart(Widget)	20
Public Attributes	20
SampleHorizontalLineChart(HorizontalLineChart)	21
Public Attributes	21
VerticalLineChart(LineChart)	24
Public Attributes	24
Functions	25
sample1()	25
sample1a()	26
sample2()	27
sample3()	28
barcharts	29
Classes	29
BarChart(Widget)	29
Public Attributes	29
HorizontalBarChart(BarChart)	29
Public Attributes	29
SampleH5c4(Drawing)	32
VerticalBarChart(BarChart)	32
Public Attributes	32

Functions	35
sampleH0a()	35
sampleH0b()	36
sampleH0c()	37
sampleH1()	38
sampleH2a()	39
sampleH2b()	40
sampleH2c()	41
sampleH3()	42
sampleH4a()	43
sampleH4b()	44
sampleH4c()	45
sampleH4d()	46
sampleH5a()	47
sampleH5b()	48
sampleH5c1()	49
sampleH5c2()	50
sampleH5c3()	51
sampleH5c4()	52
sampleStacked1()	53
sampleSymbol1()	54
sampleV0a()	55
sampleV0b()	56
sampleV0c()	57
sampleV1()	58
sampleV2a()	59
sampleV2b()	60
sampleV2c()	61
sampleV3()	62
sampleV4a()	63
sampleV4b()	64
sampleV4c()	65
sampleV4d()	66
sampleV5a()	67
sampleV5b()	68
sampleV5c1()	69
sampleV5c2()	70
sampleV5c3()	71
sampleV5c4()	72
axes	73

Classes	73
CategoryAxis(Widget)	73
Public Attributes	73
NormalDateXValueAxis(XValueAxis)	74
Public Attributes	74
ValueAxis(Widget)	77
Public Attributes	77
XCategoryAxis(CategoryAxis)	77
Public Attributes	77
XValueAxis(ValueAxis)	78
Public Attributes	78
YCategoryAxis(CategoryAxis)	80
Public Attributes	80
YValueAxis(ValueAxis)	80
Public Attributes	80
Functions	83
sample0a()	83
sample0b()	84
sample1()	85
sample4a()	86
sample4b()	87
sample4c()	88
sample4c1()	89
sample4d()	90
sample5a()	91
sample5b()	92
sample5c()	93
sample5d()	94
sample6a()	95
sample6b()	96
sample6c()	97
sample6d()	98
sample7a()	99
sample7b()	100
sample7c()	101
sample7d()	102
piecharts	103
Classes	103
Pie(Widget)	103
Public Attributes	103

Functions	105
sample0a()	105
sample0b()	106
sample1()	107
sample2()	108
sample3()	109
sample4()	110
lineplots	111
Classes	111
LinePlot(Widget)	111
Public Attributes	111
Functions	114
sample1a()	114
sample1b()	115
sample1c()	116
sample2()	117
grids	119
Classes	119
DoubleGrid(Widget)	119
Public Attributes	119
Grid(Widget)	121
Public Attributes	121
ShadedRect(Widget)	123
Public Attributes	123
flags	124
Classes	124
Flag(_Symbol)	124
Public Attributes	124
Star(_Symbol)	125
Public Attributes	125
signsandsymbols	125
Classes	125
ArrowOne(_Symbol)	125
Public Attributes	126
ArrowTwo(ArrowOne)	126
Public Attributes	126
Crossbox(_Symbol)	126
Public Attributes	126
DangerSign(_Symbol)	127
Public Attributes	127

ETriangle(_Symbol)	127
Public Attributes	127
FloppyDisk(_Symbol)	127
Public Attributes	128
NoEntry(_Symbol)	128
Public Attributes	128
NoSmoking(NotAllowed)	128
Public Attributes	128
NotAllowed(_Symbol)	129
Public Attributes	129
Octagon(_Symbol)	129
Public Attributes	129
RTriangle(_Symbol)	129
Public Attributes	130
SmileyFace(_Symbol)	130
Public Attributes	130
StopSign(_Symbol)	130
Public Attributes	130
Tickbox(_Symbol)	131
Public Attributes	131
YesNo(_Symbol)	131
Public Attributes	131
_Symbol(Widget)	132
Public Attributes	132

reportlab.graphics

textlabels

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#history <http://cvs.sourceforge.net/cgi-bin/cvsweb.cgi/reportlab/graphics/charts/textlabels.py?cvsroot=reportlab>

#\$Header: /cvsroot/reportlab/reportlab/graphics/charts/textlabels.py,v 1.23 2001/12/05 19:46:18 rgbecker Exp \$

Classes

BarChartLabel (Label)

An extended Label allowing for nudging, lines visibility etc

Public Attributes

angle None

boxAnchor None

boxFillColor None

boxStrokeColor None

boxStrokeWidth None

dx None

dy None

fillColor None

fixedEnd None or fixed draw ends +/-

fixedStart None or fixed draw starts +/-

fontName None

fontSize None

height None

leading None

lineStrokeColor Color for a drawn line

lineStrokeWidth Non-zero for a drawn line

maxWidth None

nudge Non-zero sign dependent nudge

strokeColor None

strokeWidth None

text None

textAnchor None

visible True if the label is to be drawn

width None

x None

y None

Example

```
def demo(self):
    """This shows a label positioned with its top right corner
    at the top centre of the drawing, and rotated 45 degrees."""
    d = Drawing(200, 100)
    d.add(Circle(100,90, 5, fillColor=colors.green))
    lab = Label()
    lab.setOrigin(100,90)
    lab.boxAnchor = 'ne'
    lab.angle = 45
    lab.dx = 0
    lab.dy = -20
    lab.boxStrokeColor = colors.green
    lab.setText('Another\nMulti-Line\nString')
    d.add(lab)
    return d
```

Properties of Example Widget

```
angle = 0
boxAnchor = 'c'
boxFillColor = None
boxStrokeColor = None
boxStrokeWidth = 0.5
dx = 0
dy = 0
fillColor = Color(0,0,0)
fixedEnd = None
fixedStart = None
fontName = 'Times-Roman'
fontSize = 10
height = None
leading = None
lineStrokeColor = None
lineStrokeWidth = 0
maxWidth = None
nudge = 0
strokeColor = None
strokeWidth = 0.10000000000000001
textAnchor = 'start'
visible = 1
width = None
x = 0
y = 0
```


Label(Widget)

A text label to attach to something else, such as a chart axis.

This allows you to specify an offset, angle and many anchor properties relative to the label's origin. It allows, for example, angled multiline axis labels.

Public Attributes

angle None

boxAnchor None

boxFillColor None

boxStrokeColor None

boxStrokeWidth None

dx None

dy None

fillColor None

fontName None

fontSize None

height None

leading None

maxWidth None

strokeColor None

strokeWidth None

text None

textAnchor None

visible True if the label is to be drawn

width None

x None

y None

Example

```
def demo(self):
    """This shows a label positioned with its top right corner
    at the top centre of the drawing, and rotated 45 degrees."""
    d = Drawing(200, 100)
    d.add(Circle(100,90, 5, fillColor=colors.green))
    lab = Label()
    lab.setOrigin(100,90)
    lab.boxAnchor = 'ne'
    lab.angle = 45
    lab.dx = 0
    lab.dy = -20
    lab.boxStrokeColor = colors.green
    lab.setText('Another\nMulti-Line\nString')
    d.add(lab)
    return d
```

Properties of Example Widget

```
angle = 0
boxAnchor = 'c'
boxFillColor = None
boxStrokeColor = None
boxStrokeWidth = 0.5
dx = 0
dy = 0
fillColor = Color(0,0,0)
fontName = 'Times-Roman'
fontSize = 10
height = None
leading = None
maxWidth = None
strokeColor = None
strokeWidth = 0.10000000000000001
textAnchor = 'start'
visible = 1
width = None
x = 0
y = 0
```

NA_Label (BarChartLabel)

An extended Label allowing for nudging, lines visibility etc

Public Attributes

angle None

boxAnchor None

boxFillColor None

boxStrokeColor None

boxStrokeWidth None

dx None

dy None

fillColor None

fixedEnd None or fixed draw ends +/-

fixedStart None or fixed draw starts +/-

fontName None

fontSize None

height None

leading None

lineStrokeColor Color for a drawn line

lineStrokeWidth Non-zero for a drawn line

maxWidth None

nudge Non-zero sign dependent nudge

strokeColor None

strokeWidth None

text Text to be used for N/A values

textAnchor None

visible True if the label is to be drawn

width None

x None

y None

Example

```
def demo(self):
    """This shows a label positioned with its top right corner
    at the top centre of the drawing, and rotated 45 degrees."""
    d = Drawing(200, 100)
    d.add(Circle(100,90, 5, fillColor=colors.green))
    lab = Label()
    lab.setOrigin(100,90)
    lab.boxAnchor = 'ne'
    lab.angle = 45
    lab.dx = 0
    lab.dy = -20
    lab.boxStrokeColor = colors.green
```

```
lab.setText('Another\nMulti-Line\nString')
d.add(lab)
return d
```



Properties of Example Widget

```
angle = 0
boxAnchor = 'c'
boxFillColor = None
boxStrokeColor = None
boxStrokeWidth = 0.5
dx = 0
dy = 0
fillColor = Color(0,0,0)
fixedEnd = None
fixedStart = None
fontName = 'Times-Roman'
fontSize = 10
height = None
leading = None
lineStrokeColor = None
lineStrokeWidth = 0
maxWidth = None
nudge = 0
strokeColor = None
strokeWidth = 0.10000000000000001
text = 'n/a'
textAnchor = 'start'
visible = 1
width = None
x = 0
y = 0
```

legends

This will be a collection of legends to be used with charts.

Classes

Legend(Widget)

A simple legend containing rectangular swatches and strings.

The swatches are filled rectangles whenever the respective color object in 'colorNamePairs' is a subclass of Color in reportlab.lib.colors. Otherwise the object passed instead is assumed to have 'x', 'y', 'width' and 'height' attributes. A legend then tries to set them or catches any error. This lets you plug-in any widget you like as a replacement for the default rectangular swatches.

Strings can be nicely aligned left or right to the swatches.

Public Attributes

alignment Alignment of text with respect to swatches

autoXPadding x Padding between columns if deltax=None

autoYPadding y Padding between rows if deltax=None

colorNamePairs List of color/name tuples (color can also be widget)

columnMaximum Max. number of items per column

deltax x-distance between neighbouring swatches

deltay y-distance between neighbouring swatches

dx Width of swatch rectangle

dxTextSpace Distance between swatch rectangle and text

dy Height of swatch rectangle

fillColor

fontName Font name of the strings

fontSize Font size of the strings

strokeColor Border color of the swatches

strokeWidth Width of the border color of the swatches








x x-coordinate of upper-left reference point

y y-coordinate of upper-left reference point

Example

```
def demo(self):
    "Make sample legend."
    d = Drawing(200, 100)
    legend = Legend()
    legend.alignment = 'left'
    legend.x = 0
```

```
legend.y = 100
legend.dxTextSpace = 5
items = string.split('red green blue yellow pink black white', ' ')
items = map(lambda i:(getattr(colors, i), i), items)
legend.colorNamePairs = items
d.add(legend, 'legend')
return d
```

red		yellow		white	
green		pink			
blue		black			

Properties of Example Widget

```
alignment = 'left'
autoXPadding = 5
autoYPadding = 2
colorNamePairs = [(Color(1,0,0), 'red'),
                  (Color(0,0,1), 'blue'),
                  (Color(0,.501961,0), 'green'),
                  (Color(1,.752941,.796078), 'pink'),
                  (Color(1,1,0), 'yellow')]

columnMaximum = 3
deltax = 75
deltay = 20
dx = 10
dxTextSpace = 10
dy = 10
fillColor = Color(0,0,0)
fontName = 'Times-Roman'
fontSize = 10
strokeColor = Color(0,0,0)
strokeWidth = 1
x = 0
y = 0
```

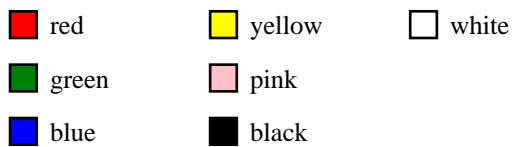
Functions

sample1c()

Make sample legend.

Example

```
def sample1c():
    "Make sample legend."
    d = Drawing(200, 100)
    legend = Legend()
    legend.alignment = 'right'
    legend.x = 0
    legend.y = 100
    legend.dxTextSpace = 5
    items = string.split('red green blue yellow pink black white', ' ')
    items = map(lambda i:(getattr(colors, i), i), items)
    legend.colorNamePairs = items
    d.add(legend, 'legend')
    return d
```

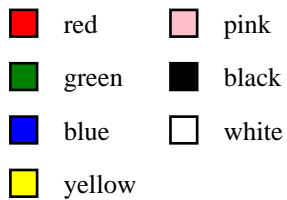


sample2c()

Make sample legend.

Example

```
def sample2c():
    "Make sample legend."
    d = Drawing(200, 100)
    legend = Legend()
    legend.alignment = 'right'
    legend.x = 20
    legend.y = 90
    legend.deltax = 60
    legend.dxTextSpace = 10
    legend.columnMaximum = 4
    items = string.split('red green blue yellow pink black white', ' ')
    items = map(lambda i:(getattr(colors, i), i), items)
    legend.colorNamePairs = items
    d.add(legend, 'legend')
    return d
```



linecharts

This modules defines a very preliminary Line Chart example.

Classes

HorizontalLineChart (LineChart)

Line chart with multiple lines.

A line chart is assumed to have one category and one value axis. Despite its generic name this particular line chart class has a vertical value axis and a horizontal category one. It may evolve into individual horizontal and vertical variants (like with the existing bar charts).

Available attributes are:

x: x-position of lower-left chart origin
y: y-position of lower-left chart origin
width: chart width
height: chart height

useAbsolute: disables auto-scaling of chart elements (?)
lineLabelNudge: distance of data labels to data points
lineLabels: labels associated with data values
lineLabelFormat: format string or callback function
groupSpacing: space between categories

joinedLines: enables drawing of lines

strokeColor: color of chart lines (?)
fillColor: color for chart background (?)
lines: style list, used cyclically for data series

valueAxis: value axis object
categoryAxis: category axis object
categoryNames: category names

data: chart data, a list of data series of equal length

Public Attributes

categoryAxis Handle of the category axis.

categoryNames List of category names.

data Data to be plotted, list of (lists of) numbers.

fillColor Color used for background interior of plot area.

groupSpacing ? - Likely to disappear.

height Height of the chart.

joinedLines Display data points joined with lines if true.

lineLabelFormat Formatting string or function used for data point labels.

lineLabelNudge Distance between a data point and its label.

lineLabels Handle to the list of data point labels.

lines Handle of the lines.

strokeColor Color used for background border of plot area.

useAbsolute Flag to use absolute spacing values.

valueAxis Handle of the value axis.

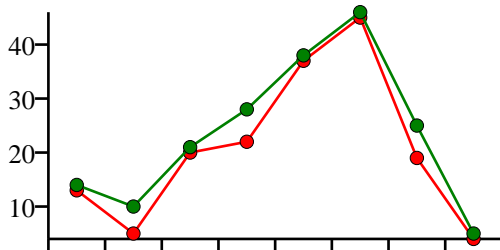
width Width of the chart.

x X position of the lower-left corner of the chart.

y Y position of the lower-left corner of the chart.

Example

```
def demo(self):
    """Shows basic use of a line chart."""
    drawing = Drawing(200, 100)
    data = [
        (13, 5, 20, 22, 37, 45, 19, 4),
        (14, 10, 21, 28, 38, 46, 25, 5)
    ]
    lc = HorizontalLineChart()
    lc.x = 20
    lc.y = 10
    lc.height = 85
    lc.width = 170
    lc.data = data
    lc.lines.symbol = makeMarker('Circle')
    drawing.add(lc)
    return drawing
```



Properties of Example Widget

```
categoryAxis.categoryNames = None
categoryAxis.gridEnd = 0
categoryAxis.gridStart = 0
categoryAxis.gridStrokeColor = Color(0,0,0)
categoryAxis.gridStrokeDashArray = None
categoryAxis.gridStrokeWidth = 0.25
categoryAxis.joinAxis = None
categoryAxis.joinAxisMode = None
categoryAxis.joinAxisPos = None
categoryAxis.labelAxisMode = 'axis'
categoryAxis.labels = <reportlab.graphics.widgetbase.TypedPropertyCollection instance at 0115E964>
categoryAxis.reverseDirection = 0
categoryAxis.strokeColor = Color(0,0,0)
categoryAxis.strokeDashArray = None
categoryAxis.strokeWidth = 1
categoryAxis.style = 'parallel'
categoryAxis.tickDown = 5
categoryAxis.tickUp = 0
categoryAxis.visible = 1
categoryAxis.visibleAxis = 1
categoryAxis.visibleGrid = 0
categoryAxis.visibleTicks = 1
```

```
categoryNames = ('North', 'South', 'East', 'West')
data = [(100, 110, 120, 130), (70, 80, 80, 90)]
fillColor = None
groupSpacing = 1
height = 100
joinedLines = 1
lineLabelFormat = None
lineLabelNudge = 10
lineLabels = <reportlab.graphics.widgetbase.TypedPropertyCollection instance at 0115F18C>
lines = <reportlab.graphics.widgetbase.TypedPropertyCollection instance at 0115F13C>
strokeColor = None
useAbsolute = 0
valueAxis.avoidBoundFrac = None
valueAxis.forceZero = 0
valueAxis.gridEnd = 0
valueAxis.gridStart = 0
valueAxis.gridStrokeColor = Color(0,0,0)
valueAxis.gridStrokeDashArray = None
valueAxis.gridStrokeWidth = 0.25
valueAxis.joinAxis = None
valueAxis.joinAxisMode = None
valueAxis.joinAxisPos = None
valueAxis.labelTextFormat = '%d'
valueAxis.labels = <reportlab.graphics.widgetbase.TypedPropertyCollection instance at 0115E9B4>
valueAxis.maximumTicks = 7
valueAxis.minimumTickSpacing = 10
valueAxis.strokeColor = Color(0,0,0)
valueAxis.strokeDashArray = None
valueAxis.strokeWidth = 1
valueAxis.tickLeft = 5
valueAxis.tickRight = 0
valueAxis.valueMax = None
valueAxis.valueMin = None
valueAxis.valueStep = None
valueAxis.visible = 1
valueAxis.visibleAxis = 1
valueAxis.visibleGrid = 0
valueAxis.visibleTicks = 1
width = 200
x = 0
y = 0
```

LineChart(Widget)

Public Attributes

Example

```
def demo(self):  
    msg = "demo() must be implemented for each Widget!"  
    raise shapes.NotImplementedError, msg
```

Properties of Example Widget

SampleHorizontalLineChart(HorizontalLineChart)

Sample class overwriting one method to draw additional horizontal lines.

Public Attributes

categoryAxis Handle of the category axis.

categoryNames List of category names.

data Data to be plotted, list of (lists of) numbers.

fillColor Color used for background interior of plot area.

groupSpacing ? - Likely to disappear.

height Height of the chart.

joinedLines Display data points joined with lines if true.

lineLabelFormat Formatting string or function used for data point labels.

lineLabelNudge Distance between a data point and its label.

lineLabels Handle to the list of data point labels.

lines Handle of the lines.

strokeColor Color used for background border of plot area.

useAbsolute Flag to use absolute spacing values.

valueAxis Handle of the value axis.

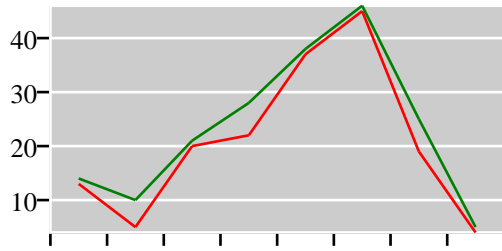
width Width of the chart.

x X position of the lower-left corner of the chart.

y Y position of the lower-left corner of the chart.

Example

```
def demo(self):
    """Shows basic use of a line chart."""
    drawing = Drawing(200, 100)
    data = [
        (13, 5, 20, 22, 37, 45, 19, 4),
        (14, 10, 21, 28, 38, 46, 25, 5)
    ]
    lc = SampleHorizontalLineChart()
    lc.x = 20
    lc.y = 10
    lc.height = 85
    lc.width = 170
    lc.data = data
    lc.strokeColor = colors.white
    lc.fillColor = colors.HexColor(0xCCCCCC)
    drawing.add(lc)
    return drawing
```



Properties of Example Widget

```

categoryAxis.categoryNames = None
categoryAxis.gridEnd = 0
categoryAxis.gridStart = 0
categoryAxis.gridStrokeColor = Color(0,0,0)
categoryAxis.gridStrokeDashArray = None
categoryAxis.gridStrokeWidth = 0.25
categoryAxis.joinAxis = None
categoryAxis.joinAxisMode = None
categoryAxis.joinAxisPos = None
categoryAxis.labelAxisMode = 'axis'
categoryAxis.labels = <reportlab.graphics.widgetbase.TypedPropertyCollection instance at 01173A24>
categoryAxis.reverseDirection = 0
categoryAxis.strokeColor = Color(0,0,0)
categoryAxis.strokeDashArray = None
categoryAxis.strokeWidth = 1
categoryAxis.style = 'parallel'
categoryAxis.tickDown = 5
categoryAxis.tickUp = 0
categoryAxis.visible = 1
categoryAxis.visibleAxis = 1
categoryAxis.visibleGrid = 0
categoryAxis.visibleTicks = 1
categoryNames = ('North', 'South', 'East', 'West')
data = [(100, 110, 120, 130), (70, 80, 80, 90)]
fillColor = None
groupSpacing = 1
height = 100
joinedLines = 1
lineLabelFormat = None
lineLabelNudge = 10
lineLabels = <reportlab.graphics.widgetbase.TypedPropertyCollection instance at 0117452C>
lines = <reportlab.graphics.widgetbase.TypedPropertyCollection instance at 011745D4>
strokeColor = None
useAbsolute = 0
valueAxis.avoidBoundFrac = None
valueAxis.forceZero = 0
valueAxis.gridEnd = 0
valueAxis.gridStart = 0
valueAxis.gridStrokeColor = Color(0,0,0)
valueAxis.gridStrokeDashArray = None
valueAxis.gridStrokeWidth = 0.25
valueAxis.joinAxis = None
valueAxis.joinAxisMode = None
valueAxis.joinAxisPos = None
valueAxis.labelTextFormat = '%d'
valueAxis.labels = <reportlab.graphics.widgetbase.TypedPropertyCollection instance at 01173A4C>
valueAxis.maximumTicks = 7
valueAxis.minimumTickSpacing = 10
valueAxis.strokeColor = Color(0,0,0)
valueAxis.strokeDashArray = None
valueAxis.strokeWidth = 1
valueAxis.tickLeft = 5
valueAxis.tickRight = 0
valueAxis.valueMax = None
valueAxis.valueMin = None
valueAxis.valueStep = None
valueAxis.visible = 1
valueAxis.visibleAxis = 1
valueAxis.visibleGrid = 0
valueAxis.visibleTicks = 1
width = 200
x = 0

```

$y = 0$

VerticalLineChart(LineChart)

Public Attributes

Example

```
def demo(self):
    msg = "demo() must be implemented for each Widget!"
    raise shapes.NotImplementedError, msg
```

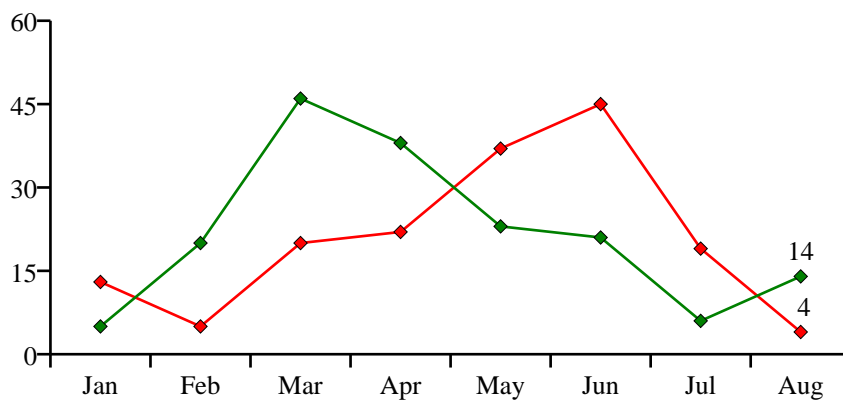
Properties of Example Widget

Functions

`sample1()`

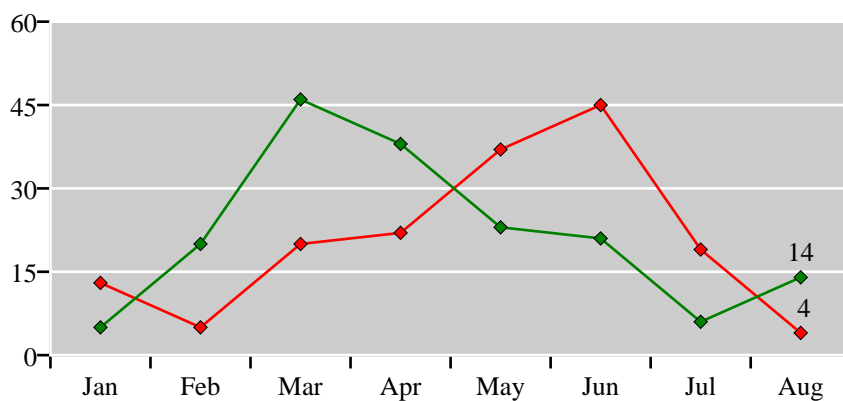
Example

```
def sample1():
    drawing = Drawing(400, 200)
    data = [
        (13, 5, 20, 22, 37, 45, 19, 4),
        (5, 20, 46, 38, 23, 21, 6, 14)
    ]
    lc = HorizontalLineChart()
    lc.x = 50
    lc.y = 50
    lc.height = 125
    lc.width = 300
    lc.data = data
    lc.joinedLines = 1
    lc.lines.symbol = makeMarker('FilledDiamond')
    lc.lineLabelFormat = '%2.0f'
    catNames = string.split('Jan Feb Mar Apr May Jun Jul Aug', ' ')
    lc.categoryAxis.categoryNames = catNames
    lc.categoryAxis.labels.boxAnchor = 'n'
    lc.valueAxis.valueMin = 0
    lc.valueAxis.valueMax = 60
    lc.valueAxis.valueStep = 15
    drawing.add(lc)
    return drawing
```



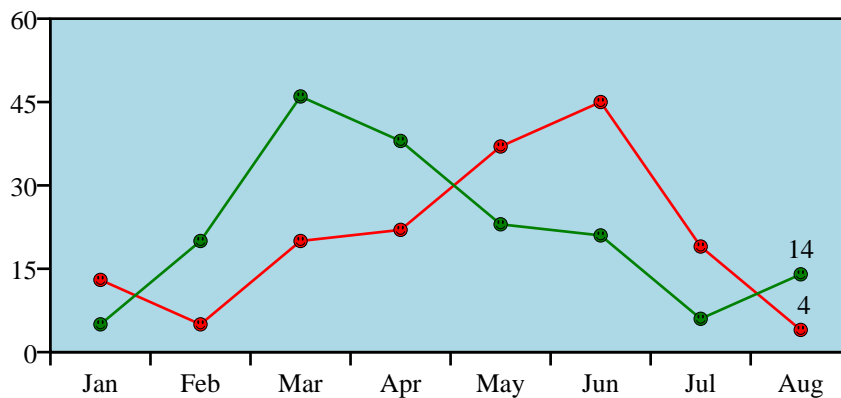
sample1a()*Example*

```
def sample1a():
    drawing = Drawing(400, 200)
    data = [
        (13, 5, 20, 22, 37, 45, 19, 4),
        (5, 20, 46, 38, 23, 21, 6, 14)
    ]
    lc = SampleHorizontalLineChart()
    lc.x = 50
    lc.y = 50
    lc.height = 125
    lc.width = 300
    lc.data = data
    lc.joinedLines = 1
    lc.strokeColor = colors.white
    lc.fillColor = colors.HexColor(0xCCCCCC)
    lc.lines.symbol = makeMarker('FilledDiamond')
    lc.lineLabelFormat = '%2.0f'
    catNames = string.split('Jan Feb Mar Apr May Jun Jul Aug', ' ')
    lc.categoryAxis.categoryNames = catNames
    lc.categoryAxis.labels.boxAnchor = 'n'
    lc.valueAxis.valueMin = 0
    lc.valueAxis.valueMax = 60
    lc.valueAxis.valueStep = 15
    drawing.add(lc)
    return drawing
```



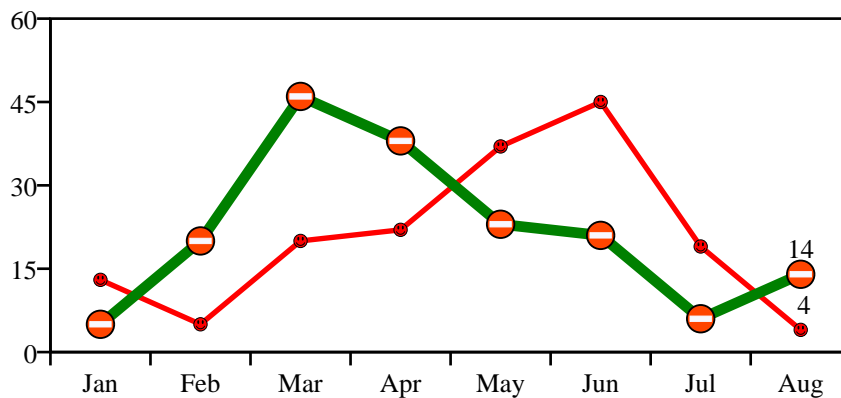
sample2()*Example*

```
def sample2():
    drawing = Drawing(400, 200)
    data = [
        (13, 5, 20, 22, 37, 45, 19, 4),
        (5, 20, 46, 38, 23, 21, 6, 14)
    ]
    lc = HorizontalLineChart()
    lc.x = 50
    lc.y = 50
    lc.height = 125
    lc.width = 300
    lc.data = data
    lc.joinedLines = 1
    lc.lines.symbol = makeMarker('Smiley')
    lc.lineLabelFormat = '%2.0f'
    lc.strokeColor = colors.black
    lc.fillColor = colors.lightblue
    catNames = string.split('Jan Feb Mar Apr May Jun Jul Aug', ' ')
    lc.categoryAxis.categoryNames = catNames
    lc.categoryAxis.labels.boxAnchor = 'n'
    lc.valueAxis.valueMin = 0
    lc.valueAxis.valueMax = 60
    lc.valueAxis.valueStep = 15
    drawing.add(lc)
    return drawing
```



sample3()*Example*

```
def sample3():
    drawing = Drawing(400, 200)
    data = [
        (13, 5, 20, 22, 37, 45, 19, 4),
        (5, 20, 46, 38, 23, 21, 6, 14)
    ]
    lc = HorizontalLineChart()
    lc.x = 50
    lc.y = 50
    lc.height = 125
    lc.width = 300
    lc.data = data
    lc.joinedLines = 1
    lc.lineLabelFormat = '%2.0f'
    lc.strokeColor = colors.black
    lc.lines[0].symbol = makeMarker('Smiley')
    lc.lines[1].symbol = NoEntry
    lc.lines[0].strokeWidth = 2
    lc.lines[1].strokeWidth = 4
    catNames = string.split('Jan Feb Mar Apr May Jun Jul Aug', ' ')
    lc.categoryAxis.categoryNames = catNames
    lc.categoryAxis.labels.boxAnchor = 'n'
    lc.valueAxis.valueMin = 0
    lc.valueAxis.valueMax = 60
    lc.valueAxis.valueStep = 15
    drawing.add(lc)
    return drawing
```



barcharts

This module defines a variety of Bar Chart components.

The basic flavors are Side-by-side, available in horizontal and vertical versions.

Stacked and percentile bar charts to follow...

Classes

BarChart (Widget)

Abstract base class, unusable by itself.

Public Attributes

barLabelFormat Formatting string or function used for bar labels.

barLabels Handle to the list of bar labels.

barSpacing Width between individual bars.

barWidth The width of an individual bar.

bars Handle of the individual bars.

categoryAxis Handle of the category axis.

data Data to be plotted, list of (lists of) numbers.

debug Used only for debugging.

fillColor Color of the plot area interior.

groupSpacing Width between groups of bars.

height Height of the chart.

naLabel Label to use for N/A values.

reversePlotOrder If true, reverse common category plot order.

strokeColor Color of the plot area border.

strokeWidth Width plot area border.

useAbsolute Flag to use absolute spacing values.

valueAxis Handle of the value axis.

width Width of the chart.

x X position of the lower-left corner of the chart.

y Y position of the lower-left corner of the chart.

HorizontalBarChart (BarChart)

Horizontal bar chart with multiple side-by-side bars.

Public Attributes

barLabelFormat Formatting string or function used for bar labels.

barLabels Handle to the list of bar labels.

barSpacing Width between individual bars.

barWidth The width of an individual bar.

bars Handle of the individual bars.

categoryAxis Handle of the category axis.

data Data to be plotted, list of (lists of) numbers.

debug Used only for debugging.

fillColor Color of the plot area interior.

groupSpacing Width between groups of bars.

height Height of the chart.

naLabel Label to use for N/A values.

reversePlotOrder If true, reverse common category plot order.

strokeColor Color of the plot area border.

strokeWidth Width plot area border.

useAbsolute Flag to use absolute spacing values.

valueAxis Handle of the value axis.

width Width of the chart.

x X position of the lower-left corner of the chart.

y Y position of the lower-left corner of the chart.

Example

```
def demo(self):
    """Shows basic use of a bar chart"""
    if self.__class__.__name__=='BarChart':
        raise NotImplementedError, 'Abstract Class BarChart has no demo'
    drawing = Drawing(200, 100)
    bc = self.__class__()
    drawing.add(bc)
    return drawing
```

Properties of Example Widget

```
barLabelFormat = None
barLabels = <reportlab.graphics.widgetbase.TypedPropertyCollection instance at 011A40E4>
barSpacing = 0
barWidth = 10
bars = <reportlab.graphics.widgetbase.TypedPropertyCollection instance at 011A4134>
categoryAxis.categoryNames = None
categoryAxis.gridEnd = 0
categoryAxis.gridStart = 0
categoryAxis.gridStrokeColor = Color(0,0,0)
categoryAxis.gridStrokeDashArray = None
categoryAxis.gridStrokeWidth = 0.25
categoryAxis.joinAxis = None
categoryAxis.joinAxisMode = None
categoryAxis.joinAxisPos = None
categoryAxis.labelAxisMode = 'axis'
categoryAxis.labels = <reportlab.graphics.widgetbase.TypedPropertyCollection instance at 011A53A4>
categoryAxis.reverseDirection = 0
categoryAxis.strokeColor = Color(0,0,0)
categoryAxis.strokeDashArray = None
categoryAxis.strokeWidth = 1
```

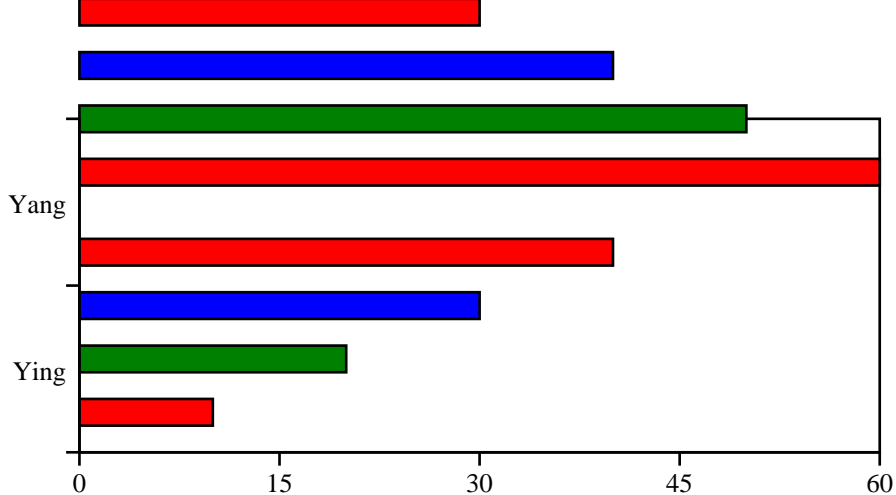
```
categoryAxis.style = 'parallel'
categoryAxis.tickLeft = 5
categoryAxis.tickRight = 0
categoryAxis.visible = 1
categoryAxis.visibleAxis = 1
categoryAxis.visibleGrid = 0
categoryAxis.visibleTicks = 1
data = [(100, 110, 120, 130), (70, 80, 85, 90)]
debug = 0
fillColor = None
groupSpacing = 5
height = 85
naLabel = None
reversePlotOrder = 0
strokeColor = None
useAbsolute = 0
valueAxis.avoidBoundFrac = None
valueAxis.forceZero = 0
valueAxis.gridEnd = 0
valueAxis.gridStart = 0
valueAxis.gridStrokeColor = Color(0,0,0)
valueAxis.gridStrokeDashArray = None
valueAxis.gridStrokeWidth = 0.25
valueAxis.joinAxis = None
valueAxis.joinAxisMode = None
valueAxis.joinAxisPos = None
valueAxis.labelTextFormat = '%d'
valueAxis.labels = <reportlab.graphics.widgetbase.TypedPropertyCollection instance at 011AEAD4>
valueAxis.maximumTicks = 7
valueAxis.minimumTickSpacing = 10
valueAxis.strokeColor = Color(0,0,0)
valueAxis.strokeDashArray = None
valueAxis.strokeWidth = 1
valueAxis.tickDown = 5
valueAxis.tickUp = 0
valueAxis.valueMax = None
valueAxis.valueMin = None
valueAxis.valueStep = None
valueAxis.visible = 1
valueAxis.visibleAxis = 1
valueAxis.visibleGrid = 0
valueAxis.visibleTicks = 1
width = 180
x = 20
y = 10
```

SampleH5c4 (Drawing)

Simple bar chart with absolute spacing.

Example

```
def __init__(self,width=400,height=200,*args,**kw):
    apply(Drawing.__init__,(self,width,height)+args,kw)
    bc = HorizontalBarChart()
    bc.x = 50
    bc.y = 50
    bc.height = 125
    bc.width = 300
    bc.data = dataSample5
    bc.strokeColor = colors.black
    bc.useAbsolute = 1
    bc.barWidth = 10
    bc.groupSpacing = 20
    bc.barSpacing = 10
    bc.valueAxis.valueMin = 0
    bc.valueAxis.valueMax = 60
    bc.valueAxis.valueStep = 15
    bc.categoryAxis.labels.boxAnchor = 'e'
    bc.categoryAxis.categoryNames = ['Ying', 'Yang']
    self.add(bc,name='HBC')
```



VerticalBarChart (BarChart)

Vertical bar chart with multiple side-by-side bars.

Public Attributes

barLabelFormat Formatting string or function used for bar labels.

barLabels Handle to the list of bar labels.

barSpacing Width between individual bars.

barWidth The width of an individual bar.

bars Handle of the individual bars.

categoryAxis Handle of the category axis.

data Data to be plotted, list of (lists of) numbers.

debug Used only for debugging.

fillColor Color of the plot area interior.

groupSpacing Width between groups of bars.

height Height of the chart.

naLabel Label to use for N/A values.

reversePlotOrder If true, reverse common category plot order.

strokeColor Color of the plot area border.

strokeWidth Width plot area border.

useAbsolute Flag to use absolute spacing values.

valueAxis Handle of the value axis.

width Width of the chart.

x X position of the lower-left corner of the chart.

y Y position of the lower-left corner of the chart.

Example

```
def demo(self):
    """Shows basic use of a bar chart"""
    if self.__class__.__name__=='BarChart':
        raise NotImplementedError, 'Abstract Class BarChart has no demo'
    drawing = Drawing(200, 100)
    bc = self.__class__()
    drawing.add(bc)
    return drawing
```

Properties of Example Widget

```
barLabelFormat = None
barLabels = <reportlab.graphics.widgetbase.TypedPropertyCollection instance at 011DB21C>
barSpacing = 0
barWidth = 10
bars = <reportlab.graphics.widgetbase.TypedPropertyCollection instance at 011C7A94>
categoryAxis.categoryNames = None
categoryAxis.gridEnd = 0
categoryAxis.gridStart = 0
categoryAxis.gridStrokeColor = Color(0,0,0)
categoryAxis.gridStrokeDashArray = None
categoryAxis.gridStrokeWidth = 0.25
categoryAxis.joinAxis = None
categoryAxis.joinAxisMode = None
categoryAxis.joinAxisPos = None
categoryAxis.labelAxisMode = 'axis'
categoryAxis.labels = <reportlab.graphics.widgetbase.TypedPropertyCollection instance at 011BD50C>
categoryAxis.reverseDirection = 0
categoryAxis.strokeColor = Color(0,0,0)
categoryAxis.strokeDashArray = None
categoryAxis.strokeWidth = 1
categoryAxis.style = 'parallel'
categoryAxis.tickDown = 5
categoryAxis.tickUp = 0
categoryAxis.visible = 1
categoryAxis.visibleAxis = 1
categoryAxis.visibleGrid = 0
categoryAxis.visibleTicks = 1
data = [(100, 110, 120, 130), (70, 80, 85, 90)]
debug = 0
fillColor = None
groupSpacing = 5
height = 85
```

```
naLabel = None
reversePlotOrder = 0
strokeColor = None
useAbsolute = 0
valueAxis.avoidBoundFrac = None
valueAxis.forceZero = 0
valueAxis.gridEnd = 0
valueAxis.gridStart = 0
valueAxis.gridStrokeColor = Color(0,0,0)
valueAxis.gridStrokeDashArray = None
valueAxis.gridStrokeWidth = 0.25
valueAxis.joinAxis = None
valueAxis.joinAxisMode = None
valueAxis.joinAxisPos = None
valueAxis.labelTextFormat = '%d'
valueAxis.labels = <reportlab.graphics.widgetbase.TypedPropertyCollection instance at 011C8FB4>
valueAxis.maximumTicks = 7
valueAxis.minimumTickSpacing = 10
valueAxis.strokeColor = Color(0,0,0)
valueAxis.strokeDashArray = None
valueAxis.strokeWidth = 1
valueAxis.tickLeft = 5
valueAxis.tickRight = 0
valueAxis.valueMax = None
valueAxis.valueMin = None
valueAxis.valueStep = None
valueAxis.visible = 1
valueAxis.visibleAxis = 1
valueAxis.visibleGrid = 0
valueAxis.visibleTicks = 1
width = 180
x = 20
y = 10
```

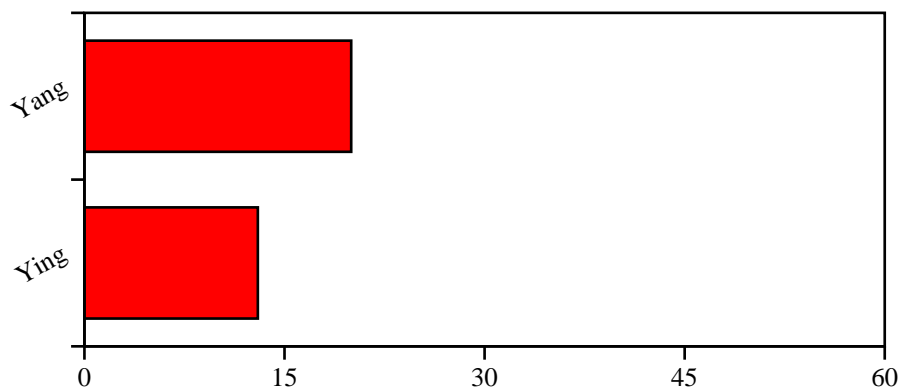
Functions

sampleH0a()

Make a slightly pathologic bar chart with only TWO data items.

Example

```
def sampleH0a():
    "Make a slightly pathologic bar chart with only TWO data items."
    drawing = Drawing(400, 200)
    data = [(13, 20)]
    bc = HorizontalBarChart()
    bc.x = 50
    bc.y = 50
    bc.height = 125
    bc.width = 300
    bc.data = data
    bc.strokeColor = colors.black
    bc.valueAxis.valueMin = 0
    bc.valueAxis.valueMax = 60
    bc.valueAxis.valueStep = 15
    bc.categoryAxis.labels.boxAnchor = 'se'
    bc.categoryAxis.labels.angle = 30
    bc.categoryAxis.categoryNames = ['Ying', 'Yang']
    drawing.add(bc)
    return drawing
```

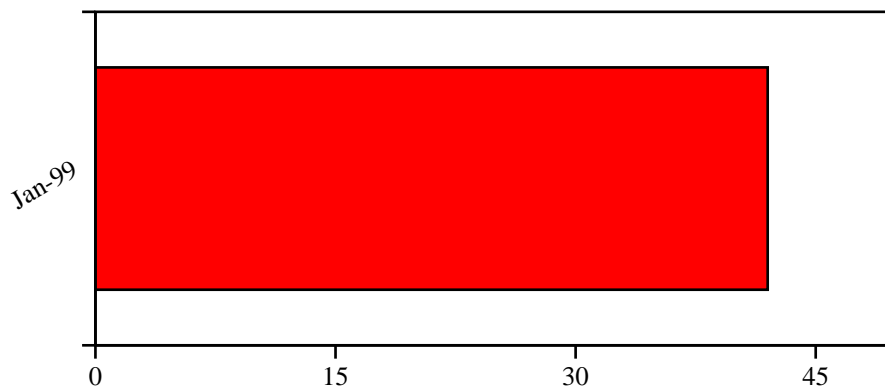


sampleH0b()

Make a pathologic bar chart with only ONE data item.

Example

```
def sampleH0b():
    "Make a pathologic bar chart with only ONE data item."
    drawing = Drawing(400, 200)
    data = [(42,)]
    bc = HorizontalBarChart()
    bc.x = 50
    bc.y = 50
    bc.height = 125
    bc.width = 300
    bc.data = data
    bc.strokeColor = colors.black
    bc.valueAxis.valueMin = 0
    bc.valueAxis.valueMax = 50
    bc.valueAxis.valueStep = 15
    bc.categoryAxis.labels.boxAnchor = 'se'
    bc.categoryAxis.labels.angle = 30
    bc.categoryAxis.categoryNames = ['Jan-99']
    drawing.add(bc)
    return drawing
```

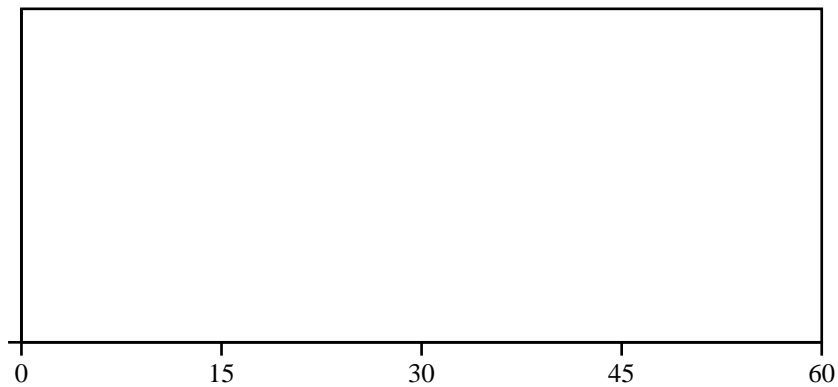


sampleH0c()

Make a really pathologic bar chart with NO data items at all!

Example

```
def sampleH0c():  
    "Make a really pathologic bar chart with NO data items at all!"  
    drawing = Drawing(400, 200)  
    data = [()]  
    bc = HorizontalBarChart()  
    bc.x = 50  
    bc.y = 50  
    bc.height = 125  
    bc.width = 300  
    bc.data = data  
    bc.strokeColor = colors.black  
    bc.valueAxis.valueMin = 0  
    bc.valueAxis.valueMax = 60  
    bc.valueAxis.valueStep = 15  
    bc.categoryAxis.labels.boxAnchor = 'se'  
    bc.categoryAxis.labels.angle = 30  
    bc.categoryAxis.categoryNames = []  
    drawing.add(bc)  
    return drawing
```

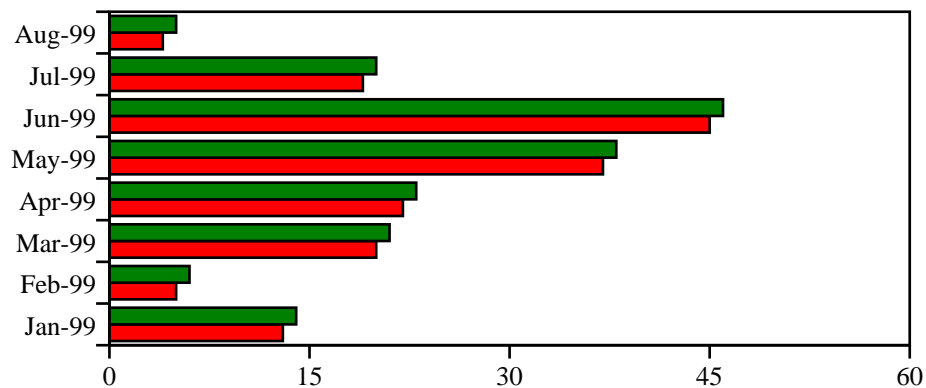


sampleH1()

Sample of multi-series bar chart.

Example

```
def sampleH1():
    "Sample of multi-series bar chart."
    drawing = Drawing(400, 200)
    data = [
        (13, 5, 20, 22, 37, 45, 19, 4),
        (14, 6, 21, 23, 38, 46, 20, 5)
    ]
    bc = HorizontalBarChart()
    bc.x = 50
    bc.y = 50
    bc.height = 125
    bc.width = 300
    bc.data = data
    bc.strokeColor = colors.black
    bc.valueAxis.valueMin = 0
    bc.valueAxis.valueMax = 60
    bc.valueAxis.valueStep = 15
    bc.categoryAxis.labels.boxAnchor = 'e'
    catNames = string.split('Jan Feb Mar Apr May Jun Jul Aug', ' ')
    catNames = map(lambda n:n+'-99', catNames)
    bc.categoryAxis.categoryNames = catNames
    drawing.add(bc)
    return drawing
```

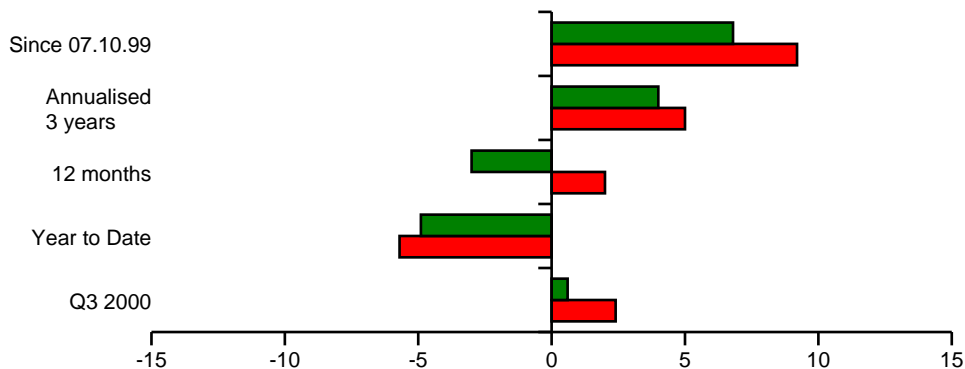


sampleH2a()

Sample of multi-series bar chart.

Example

```
def sampleH2a():
    "Sample of multi-series bar chart."
    data = [(2.4, -5.7, 2, 5, 9.2),
            (0.6, -4.9, -3, 4, 6.8)]
    labels = ("Q3 2000", "Year to Date", "12 months",
              "Annualised\n3 years", "Since 07.10.99")
    drawing = Drawing(400, 200)
    bc = HorizontalBarChart()
    bc.x = 80
    bc.y = 50
    bc.height = 120
    bc.width = 300
    bc.data = data
    bc.barSpacing = 0
    bc.groupSpacing = 10
    bc.barWidth = 10
    bc.valueAxis.valueMin = -15
    bc.valueAxis.valueMax = +15
    bc.valueAxis.valueStep = 5
    bc.valueAxis.labels.fontName = 'Helvetica'
    bc.valueAxis.labels.fontSize = 8
    bc.valueAxis.labels.boxAnchor = 'n' # irrelevant (becomes 'c')
    bc.valueAxis.labels.textAnchor = 'middle'
    bc.valueAxis.configure(bc.data)
    bc.categoryAxis.categoryNames = labels
    bc.categoryAxis.labels.fontName = 'Helvetica'
    bc.categoryAxis.labels.fontSize = 8
    bc.categoryAxis.labels.dx = -150
    drawing.add(bc)
    return drawing
```

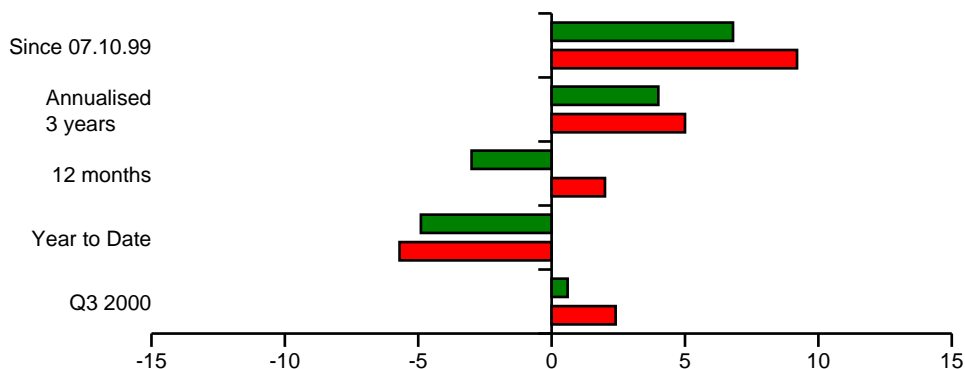


sampleH2b()

Sample of multi-series bar chart.

Example

```
def sampleH2b():
    "Sample of multi-series bar chart."
    data = [(2.4, -5.7, 2, 5, 9.2),
            (0.6, -4.9, -3, 4, 6.8)]
    labels = ("Q3 2000", "Year to Date", "12 months",
              "Annualised\n3 years", "Since 07.10.99")
    drawing = Drawing(400, 200)
    bc = HorizontalBarChart()
    bc.x = 80
    bc.y = 50
    bc.height = 120
    bc.width = 300
    bc.data = data
    bc.barSpacing = 5
    bc.groupSpacing = 10
    bc.barWidth = 10
    bc.valueAxis.valueMin = -15
    bc.valueAxis.valueMax = +15
    bc.valueAxis.valueStep = 5
    bc.valueAxis.labels.fontName = 'Helvetica'
    bc.valueAxis.labels.fontSize = 8
    bc.valueAxis.labels.boxAnchor = 'n' # irrelevant (becomes 'c')
    bc.valueAxis.labels.textAnchor = 'middle'
    bc.categoryAxis.categoryNames = labels
    bc.categoryAxis.labels.fontName = 'Helvetica'
    bc.categoryAxis.labels.fontSize = 8
    bc.categoryAxis.labels.dx = -150
    drawing.add(bc)
    return drawing
```

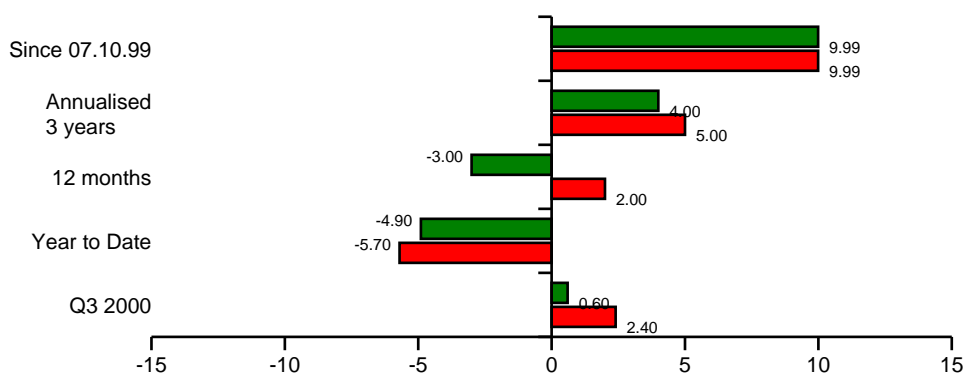


sampleH2c()

Sample of multi-series bar chart.

Example

```
def sampleH2c():
    "Sample of multi-series bar chart."
    data = [(2.4, -5.7, 2, 5, 9.99),
            (0.6, -4.9, -3, 4, 9.99)]
    labels = ("Q3 2000", "Year to Date", "12 months",
              "Annualised\n3 years", "Since 07.10.99")
    drawing = Drawing(400, 200)
    bc = HorizontalBarChart()
    bc.x = 80
    bc.y = 50
    bc.height = 120
    bc.width = 300
    bc.data = data
    bc.barSpacing = 2
    bc.groupSpacing = 10
    bc.barWidth = 10
    bc.valueAxis.valueMin = -15
    bc.valueAxis.valueMax = +15
    bc.valueAxis.valueStep = 5
    bc.valueAxis.labels.fontName = 'Helvetica'
    bc.valueAxis.labels.fontSize = 8
    bc.valueAxis.labels.boxAnchor = 'n'
    bc.valueAxis.labels.textAnchor = 'middle'
    bc.categoryAxis.categoryNames = labels
    bc.categoryAxis.labels.fontName = 'Helvetica'
    bc.categoryAxis.labels.fontSize = 8
    bc.categoryAxis.labels.dx = -150
    bc.barLabels.nudge = 10
    bc.barLabelFormat = '%0.2f'
    bc.barLabels.dx = 0
    bc.barLabels.dy = 0
    bc.barLabels.boxAnchor = 'n' # irrelevant (becomes 'c')
    bc.barLabels.fontName = 'Helvetica'
    bc.barLabels.fontSize = 6
    drawing.add(bc)
    return drawing
```



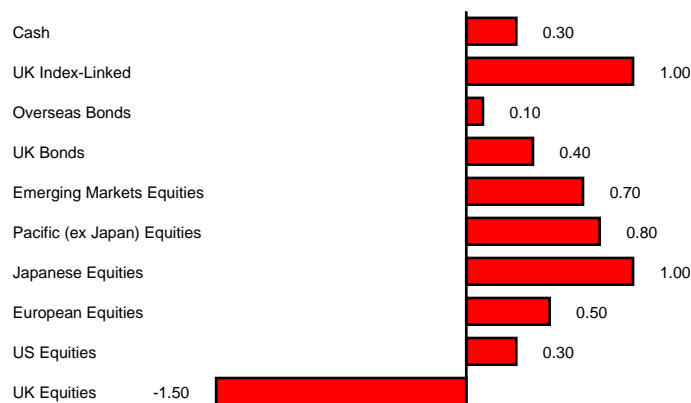
sampleH3()

A really horizontal bar chart (compared to the equivalent faked one).

Example

```
def sampleH3():
    "A really horizontal bar chart (compared to the equivalent faked one)."
```

```
    names = ("UK Equities", "US Equities", "European Equities", "Japanese Equities",
             "Pacific (ex Japan) Equities", "Emerging Markets Equities",
             "UK Bonds", "Overseas Bonds", "UK Index-Linked", "Cash")
    series1 = (-1.5, 0.3, 0.5, 1.0, 0.8, 0.7, 0.4, 0.1, 1.0, 0.3)
    series2 = (0.0, 0.33, 0.55, 1.1, 0.88, 0.77, 0.44, 0.11, 1.10, 0.33)
    assert len(names) == len(series1), "bad data"
    assert len(names) == len(series2), "bad data"
    drawing = Drawing(400, 200)
    bc = HorizontalBarChart()
    bc.x = 100
    bc.y = 20
    bc.height = 150
    bc.width = 250
    bc.data = (series1,)
    bc.bars.fillColor = colors.green
    bc.barLabelFormat = '%0.2f'
    bc.barLabels.dx = 0
    bc.barLabels.dy = 0
    bc.barLabels.boxAnchor = 'w' # irrelevant (becomes 'c')
    bc.barLabels.fontName = 'Helvetica'
    bc.barLabels.fontSize = 6
    bc.barLabels.nudge = 10
    bc.valueAxis.visible = 0
    bc.valueAxis.valueMin = -2
    bc.valueAxis.valueMax = +2
    bc.valueAxis.valueStep = 1
    bc.categoryAxis.tickLeft = 0
    bc.categoryAxis.tickRight = 0
    bc.categoryAxis.categoryNames = names
    bc.categoryAxis.labels.boxAnchor = 'w'
    bc.categoryAxis.labels.dx = -170
    bc.categoryAxis.labels.fontName = 'Helvetica'
    bc.categoryAxis.labels.fontSize = 6
    g = Group(bc)
    drawing.add(g)
    return drawing
```

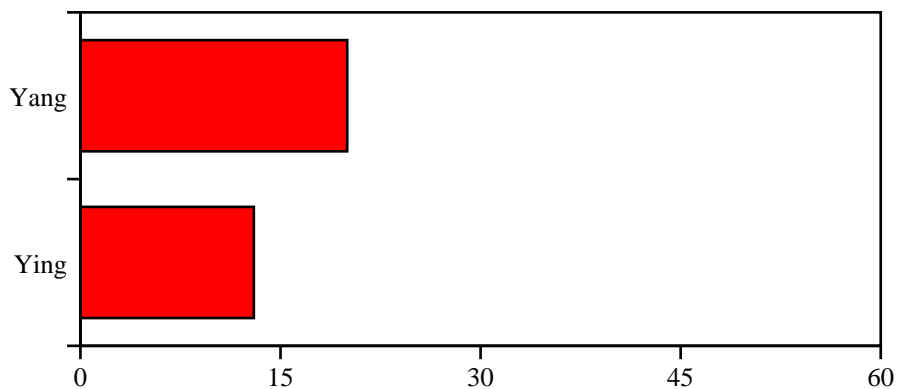


sampleH4a()

A bar chart showing value axis region starting at **exactly** zero.

Example

```
def sampleH4a():
    "A bar chart showing value axis region starting at *exactly* zero."
    drawing = Drawing(400, 200)
    data = [(13, 20)]
    bc = HorizontalBarChart()
    bc.x = 50
    bc.y = 50
    bc.height = 125
    bc.width = 300
    bc.data = data
    bc.strokeColor = colors.black
    bc.valueAxis.valueMin = 0
    bc.valueAxis.valueMax = 60
    bc.valueAxis.valueStep = 15
    bc.categoryAxis.labels.boxAnchor = 'e'
    bc.categoryAxis.categoryNames = ['Ying', 'Yang']
    drawing.add(bc)
    return drawing
```

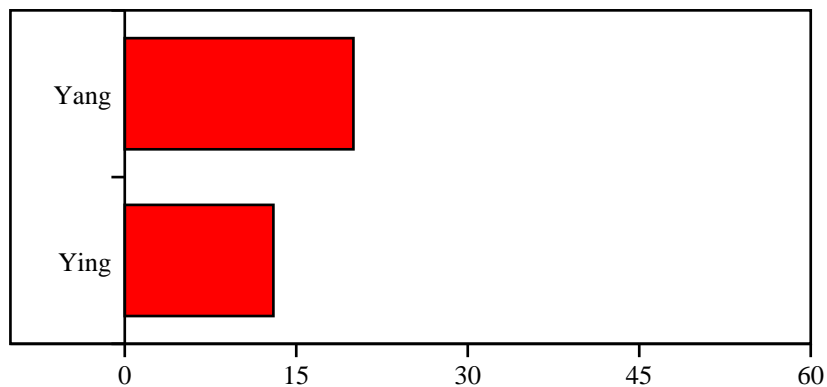


sampleH4b()

A bar chart showing value axis region starting **below** zero.

Example

```
def sampleH4b():
    "A bar chart showing value axis region starting *below* zero."
    drawing = Drawing(400, 200)
    data = [(13, 20)]
    bc = HorizontalBarChart()
    bc.x = 50
    bc.y = 50
    bc.height = 125
    bc.width = 300
    bc.data = data
    bc.strokeColor = colors.black
    bc.valueAxis.valueMin = -10
    bc.valueAxis.valueMax = 60
    bc.valueAxis.valueStep = 15
    bc.categoryAxis.labels.boxAnchor = 'e'
    bc.categoryAxis.categoryNames = ['Ying', 'Yang']
    drawing.add(bc)
    return drawing
```

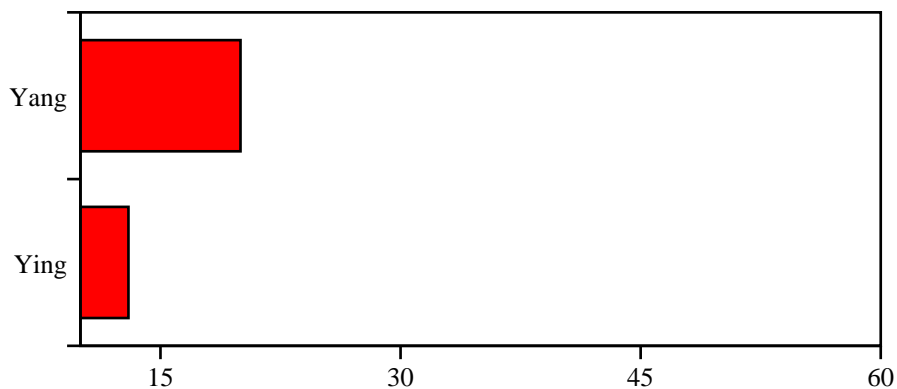


sampleH4c()

A bar chart showing value axis region starting *above* zero.

Example

```
def sampleH4c():
    "A bar chart showing value axis region starting above zero."
    drawing = Drawing(400, 200)
    data = [(13, 20)]
    bc = HorizontalBarChart()
    bc.x = 50
    bc.y = 50
    bc.height = 125
    bc.width = 300
    bc.data = data
    bc.strokeColor = colors.black
    bc.valueAxis.valueMin = 10
    bc.valueAxis.valueMax = 60
    bc.valueAxis.valueStep = 15
    bc.categoryAxis.labels.boxAnchor = 'e'
    bc.categoryAxis.categoryNames = ['Ying', 'Yang']
    drawing.add(bc)
    return drawing
```

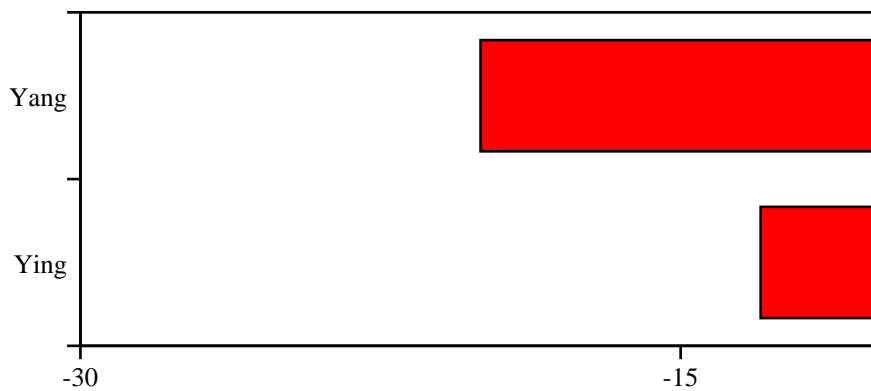


sampleH4d()

A bar chart showing value axis region entirely **below** zero.

Example

```
def sampleH4d():  
    "A bar chart showing value axis region entirely *below* zero."  
    drawing = Drawing(400, 200)  
    data = [(-13, -20)]  
    bc = HorizontalBarChart()  
    bc.x = 50  
    bc.y = 50  
    bc.height = 125  
    bc.width = 300  
    bc.data = data  
    bc.strokeColor = colors.black  
    bc.valueAxis.valueMin = -30  
    bc.valueAxis.valueMax = -10  
    bc.valueAxis.valueStep = 15  
    bc.categoryAxis.labels.boxAnchor = 'e'  
    bc.categoryAxis.categoryNames = ['Ying', 'Yang']  
    drawing.add(bc)  
    return drawing
```

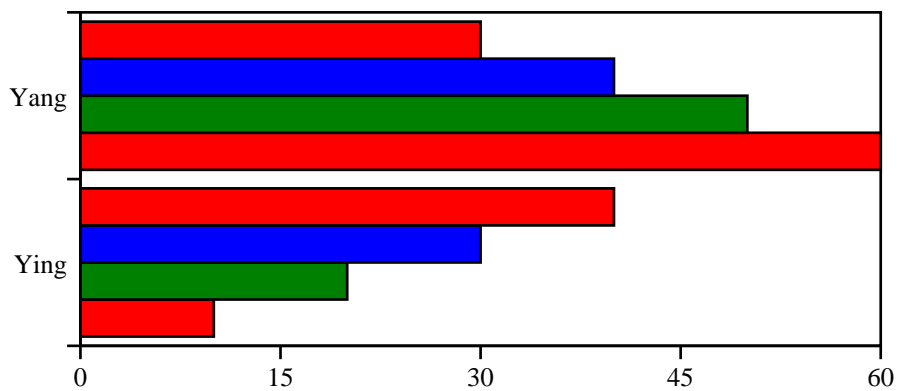


sampleH5a()

A simple bar chart with no expressed spacing attributes.

Example

```
def sampleH5a():  
    "A simple bar chart with no expressed spacing attributes."  
    drawing = Drawing(400, 200)  
    data = dataSample5  
    bc = HorizontalBarChart()  
    bc.x = 50  
    bc.y = 50  
    bc.height = 125  
    bc.width = 300  
    bc.data = data  
    bc.strokeColor = colors.black  
    bc.valueAxis.valueMin = 0  
    bc.valueAxis.valueMax = 60  
    bc.valueAxis.valueStep = 15  
    bc.categoryAxis.labels.boxAnchor = 'e'  
    bc.categoryAxis.categoryNames = ['Ying', 'Yang']  
    drawing.add(bc)  
    return drawing
```

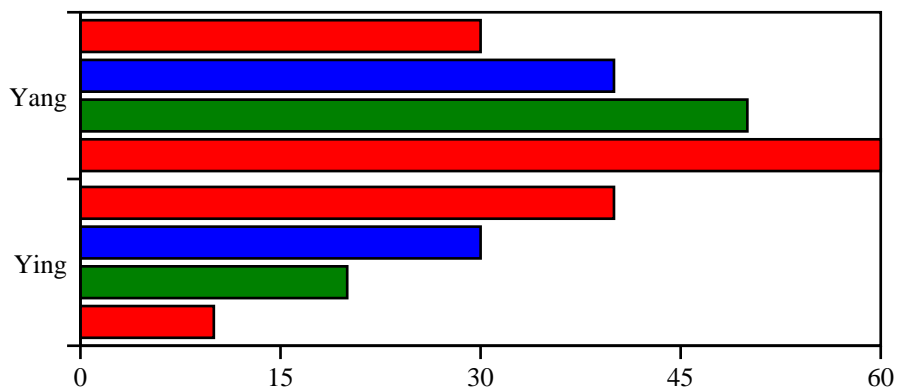


sampleH5b()

A simple bar chart with proportional spacing.

Example

```
def sampleH5b():  
    "A simple bar chart with proportional spacing."  
    drawing = Drawing(400, 200)  
    data = dataSample5  
    bc = HorizontalBarChart()  
    bc.x = 50  
    bc.y = 50  
    bc.height = 125  
    bc.width = 300  
    bc.data = data  
    bc.strokeColor = colors.black  
    bc.useAbsolute = 0  
    bc.barWidth = 40  
    bc.groupSpacing = 20  
    bc.barSpacing = 10  
    bc.valueAxis.valueMin = 0  
    bc.valueAxis.valueMax = 60  
    bc.valueAxis.valueStep = 15  
    bc.categoryAxis.labels.boxAnchor = 'e'  
    bc.categoryAxis.categoryNames = ['Ying', 'Yang']  
    drawing.add(bc)  
    return drawing
```

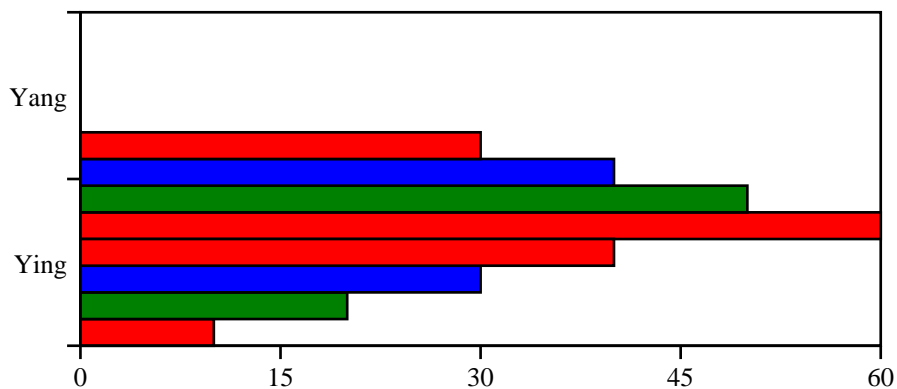


sampleH5c1()

A simple bar chart with absolute spacing.

Example

```
def sampleH5c1():
    "A simple bar chart with absolute spacing."
    drawing = Drawing(400, 200)
    data = dataSample5
    bc = HorizontalBarChart()
    bc.x = 50
    bc.y = 50
    bc.height = 125
    bc.width = 300
    bc.data = data
    bc.strokeColor = colors.black
    bc.useAbsolute = 1
    bc.barWidth = 10
    bc.groupSpacing = 0
    bc.barSpacing = 0
    bc.valueAxis.valueMin = 0
    bc.valueAxis.valueMax = 60
    bc.valueAxis.valueStep = 15
    bc.categoryAxis.labels.boxAnchor = 'e'
    bc.categoryAxis.categoryNames = ['Ying', 'Yang']
    drawing.add(bc)
    return drawing
```

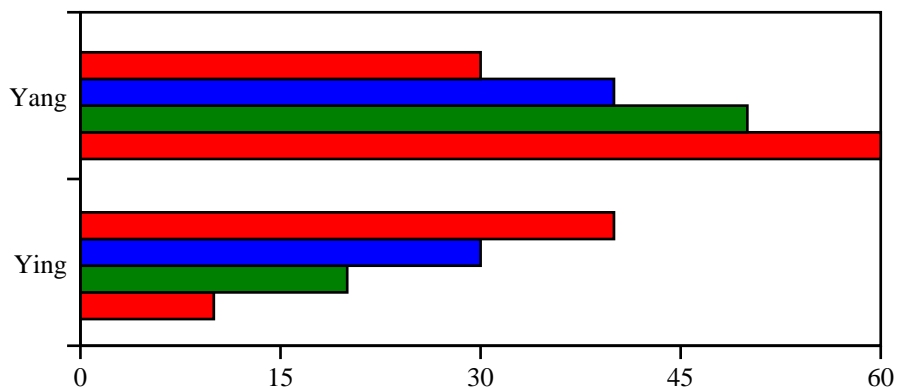


sampleH5c2()

Simple bar chart with absolute spacing.

Example

```
def sampleH5c2():
    "Simple bar chart with absolute spacing."
    drawing = Drawing(400, 200)
    data = dataSample5
    bc = HorizontalBarChart()
    bc.x = 50
    bc.y = 50
    bc.height = 125
    bc.width = 300
    bc.data = data
    bc.strokeColor = colors.black
    bc.useAbsolute = 1
    bc.barWidth = 10
    bc.groupSpacing = 20
    bc.barSpacing = 0
    bc.valueAxis.valueMin = 0
    bc.valueAxis.valueMax = 60
    bc.valueAxis.valueStep = 15
    bc.categoryAxis.labels.boxAnchor = 'e'
    bc.categoryAxis.categoryNames = ['Ying', 'Yang']
    drawing.add(bc)
    return drawing
```

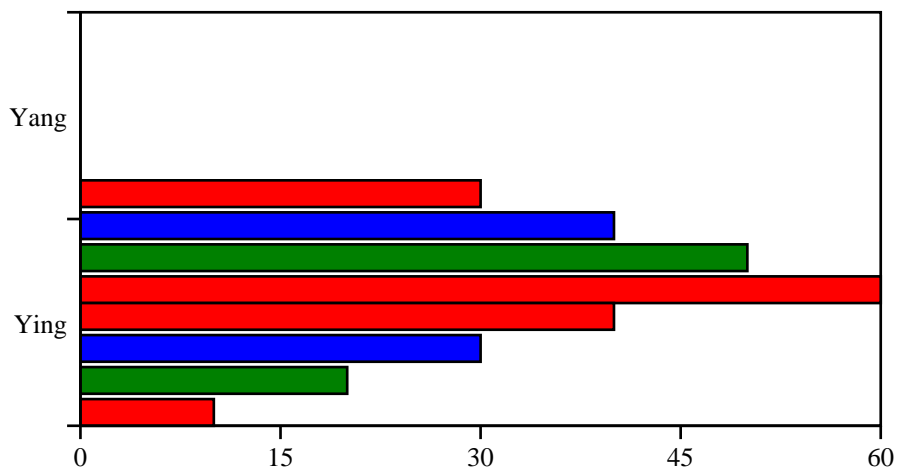


sampleH5c3()

Simple bar chart with absolute spacing.

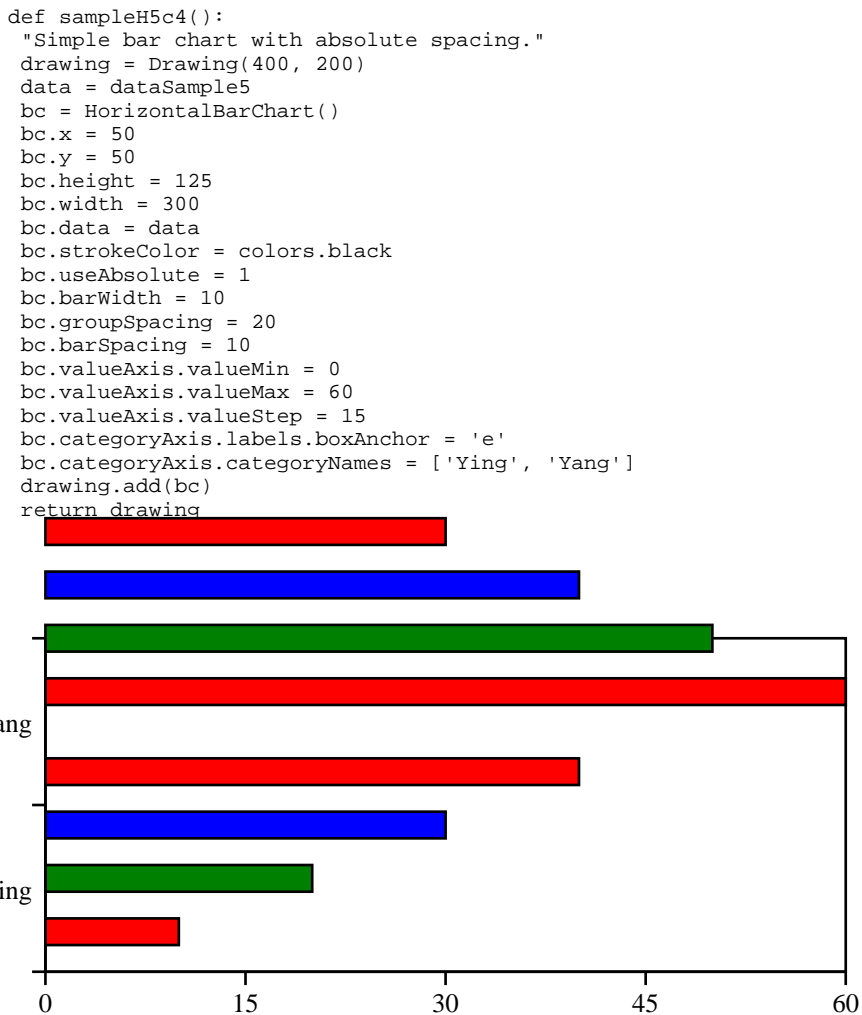
Example

```
def sampleH5c3():
    "Simple bar chart with absolute spacing."
    drawing = Drawing(400, 200)
    data = dataSample5
    bc = HorizontalBarChart()
    bc.x = 50
    bc.y = 20
    bc.height = 155
    bc.width = 300
    bc.data = data
    bc.strokeColor = colors.black
    bc.useAbsolute = 1
    bc.barWidth = 10
    bc.groupSpacing = 0
    bc.barSpacing = 2
    bc.valueAxis.valueMin = 0
    bc.valueAxis.valueMax = 60
    bc.valueAxis.valueStep = 15
    bc.categoryAxis.labels.boxAnchor = 'e'
    bc.categoryAxis.categoryNames = ['Ying', 'Yang']
    drawing.add(bc)
    return drawing
```



sampleH5c4()

Simple bar chart with absolute spacing.

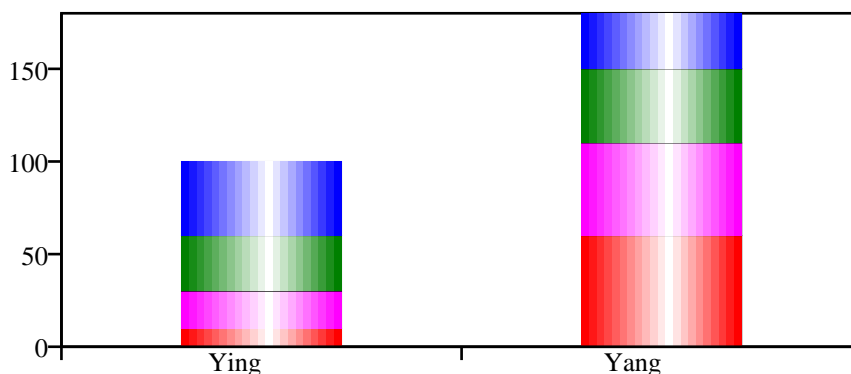
Example

sampleStacked1()

Simple bar chart using symbol attribute.

Example

```
def sampleStacked1():
    "Simple bar chart using symbol attribute."
    drawing = Drawing(400, 200)
    data = dataSample5
    bc = VerticalBarChart()
    bc.categoryAxis.style = 'stacked'
    bc.x = 50
    bc.y = 50
    bc.height = 125
    bc.width = 300
    bc.data = data
    bc.strokeColor = colors.black
    bc.barWidth = 10
    bc.groupSpacing = 15
    bc.valueAxis.valueMin = 0
    bc.categoryAxis.labels.boxAnchor = 'e'
    bc.categoryAxis.categoryNames = ['Ying', 'Yang']
    bc.bars.symbol = ShadedRect()
    bc.bars.symbol.fillColorStart = colors.red
    bc.bars.symbol.fillColorEnd = colors.white
    bc.bars.symbol.orientation = 'vertical'
    bc.bars.symbol.cylinderMode = 1
    bc.bars.symbol.strokeWidth = 0
    bc.bars[1].symbol = ShadedRect()
    bc.bars[1].symbol.fillColorStart = colors.magenta
    bc.bars[1].symbol.fillColorEnd = colors.white
    bc.bars[1].symbol.orientation = 'vertical'
    bc.bars[1].symbol.cylinderMode = 1
    bc.bars[1].symbol.strokeWidth = 0
    bc.bars[2].symbol = ShadedRect()
    bc.bars[2].symbol.fillColorStart = colors.green
    bc.bars[2].symbol.fillColorEnd = colors.white
    bc.bars[2].symbol.orientation = 'vertical'
    bc.bars[2].symbol.cylinderMode = 1
    bc.bars[2].symbol.strokeWidth = 0
    bc.bars[3].symbol = ShadedRect()
    bc.bars[3].symbol.fillColorStart = colors.blue
    bc.bars[3].symbol.fillColorEnd = colors.white
    bc.bars[3].symbol.orientation = 'vertical'
    bc.bars[3].symbol.cylinderMode = 1
    bc.bars[3].symbol.strokeWidth = 0
    drawing.add(bc)
    return drawing
```

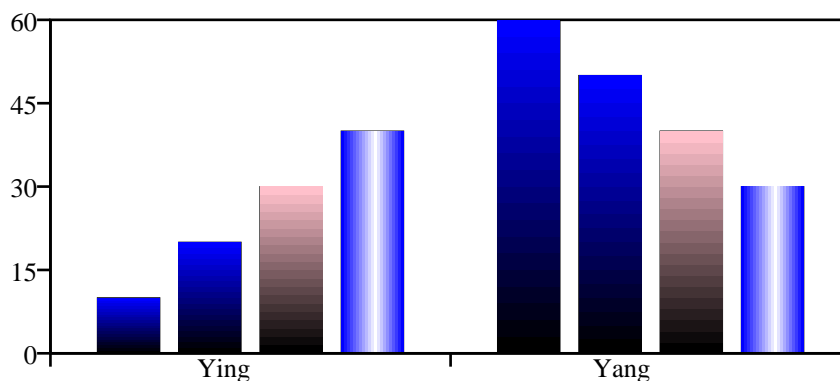


sampleSymbol1()

Simple bar chart using symbol attribute.

Example

```
def sampleSymbol1():
    "Simple bar chart using symbol attribute."
    drawing = Drawing(400, 200)
    data = dataSample5
    bc = VerticalBarChart()
    bc.x = 50
    bc.y = 50
    bc.height = 125
    bc.width = 300
    bc.data = data
    bc.strokeColor = colors.black
    bc.barWidth = 10
    bc.groupSpacing = 15
    bc.barSpacing = 3
    bc.valueAxis.valueMin = 0
    bc.valueAxis.valueMax = 60
    bc.valueAxis.valueStep = 15
    bc.categoryAxis.labels.boxAnchor = 'e'
    bc.categoryAxis.categoryNames = ['Ying', 'Yang']
    sym1 = ShadedRect()
    sym1.fillColorStart = colors.black
    sym1.fillColorEnd = colors.blue
    sym1.orientation = 'horizontal'
    sym1.strokeWidth = 0
    sym2 = ShadedRect()
    sym2.fillColorStart = colors.black
    sym2.fillColorEnd = colors.pink
    sym2.orientation = 'horizontal'
    sym2.strokeWidth = 0
    sym3 = ShadedRect()
    sym3.fillColorStart = colors.blue
    sym3.fillColorEnd = colors.white
    sym3.orientation = 'vertical'
    sym3.cylinderMode = 1
    sym3.strokeWidth = 0
    bc.bars.symbol = sym1
    bc.bars[2].symbol = sym2
    bc.bars[3].symbol = sym3
    drawing.add(bc)
    return drawing
```

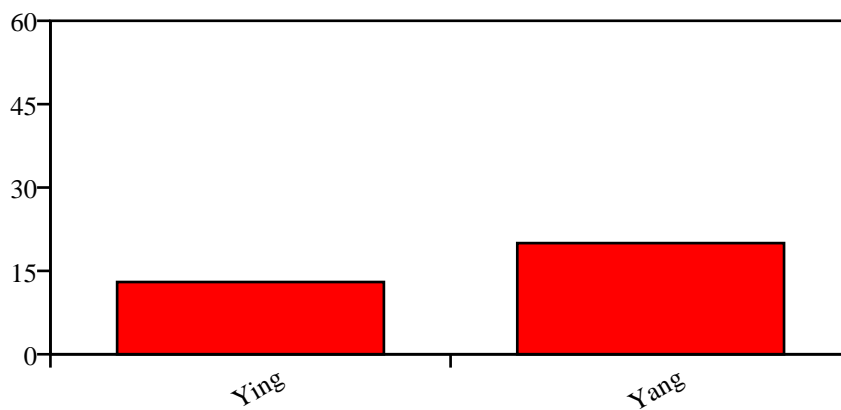


sampleV0a()

A slightly pathologic bar chart with only TWO data items.

Example

```
def sampleV0a():
    "A slightly pathologic bar chart with only TWO data items."
    drawing = Drawing(400, 200)
    data = [(13, 20)]
    bc = VerticalBarChart()
    bc.x = 50
    bc.y = 50
    bc.height = 125
    bc.width = 300
    bc.data = data
    bc.strokeColor = colors.black
    bc.valueAxis.valueMin = 0
    bc.valueAxis.valueMax = 60
    bc.valueAxis.valueStep = 15
    bc.categoryAxis.labels.boxAnchor = 'ne'
    bc.categoryAxis.labels.dx = 8
    bc.categoryAxis.labels.dy = -2
    bc.categoryAxis.labels.angle = 30
    bc.categoryAxis.categoryNames = ['Ying', 'Yang']
    drawing.add(bc)
    return drawing
```

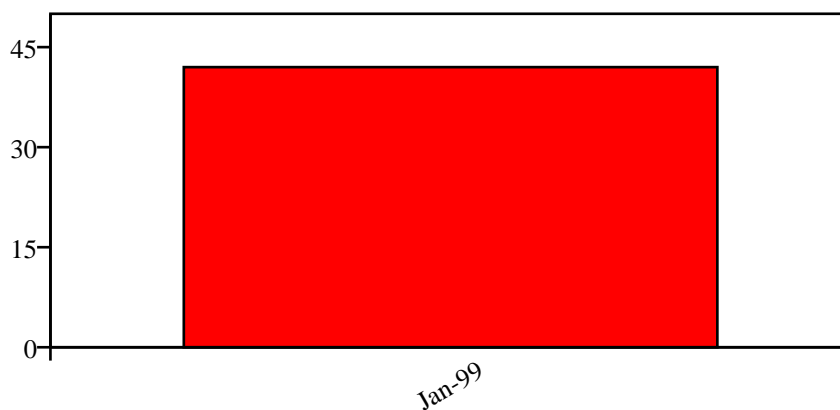


sampleV0b()

A pathologic bar chart with only ONE data item.

Example

```
def sampleV0b():  
    "A pathologic bar chart with only ONE data item."  
    drawing = Drawing(400, 200)  
    data = [(42,)]  
    bc = VerticalBarChart()  
    bc.x = 50  
    bc.y = 50  
    bc.height = 125  
    bc.width = 300  
    bc.data = data  
    bc.strokeColor = colors.black  
    bc.valueAxis.valueMin = 0  
    bc.valueAxis.valueMax = 50  
    bc.valueAxis.valueStep = 15  
    bc.categoryAxis.labels.boxAnchor = 'ne'  
    bc.categoryAxis.labels.dx = 8  
    bc.categoryAxis.labels.dy = -2  
    bc.categoryAxis.labels.angle = 30  
    bc.categoryAxis.categoryNames = ['Jan-99']  
    drawing.add(bc)  
    return drawing
```

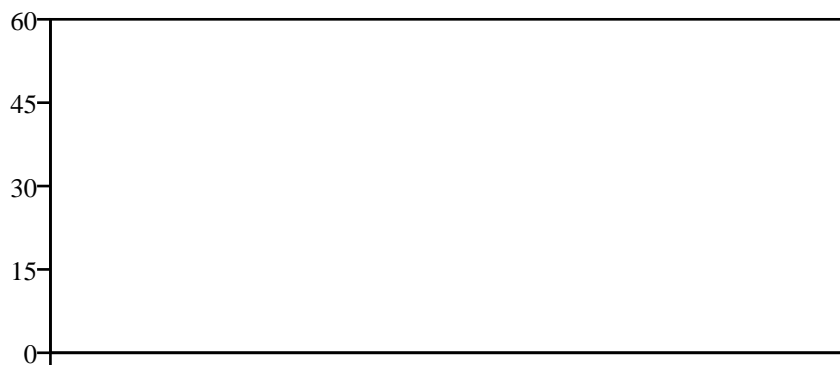


sampleV0c()

A really pathologic bar chart with NO data items at all!

Example

```
def sampleV0c():
    "A really pathologic bar chart with NO data items at all!"
    drawing = Drawing(400, 200)
    data = [()]
    bc = VerticalBarChart()
    bc.x = 50
    bc.y = 50
    bc.height = 125
    bc.width = 300
    bc.data = data
    bc.strokeColor = colors.black
    bc.valueAxis.valueMin = 0
    bc.valueAxis.valueMax = 60
    bc.valueAxis.valueStep = 15
    bc.categoryAxis.labels.boxAnchor = 'ne'
    bc.categoryAxis.labels.dx = 8
    bc.categoryAxis.labels.dy = -2
    bc.categoryAxis.categoryNames = []
    drawing.add(bc)
    return drawing
```

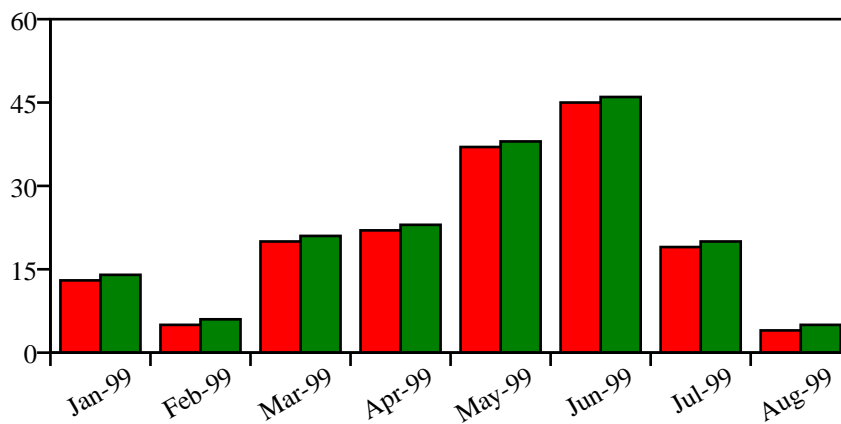


sampleV1()

Sample of multi-series bar chart.

Example

```
def sampleV1():
    "Sample of multi-series bar chart."
    drawing = Drawing(400, 200)
    data = [
        (13, 5, 20, 22, 37, 45, 19, 4),
        (14, 6, 21, 23, 38, 46, 20, 5)
    ]
    bc = VerticalBarChart()
    bc.x = 50
    bc.y = 50
    bc.height = 125
    bc.width = 300
    bc.data = data
    bc.strokeColor = colors.black
    bc.valueAxis.valueMin = 0
    bc.valueAxis.valueMax = 60
    bc.valueAxis.valueStep = 15
    bc.categoryAxis.labels.boxAnchor = 'ne'
    bc.categoryAxis.labels.dx = 8
    bc.categoryAxis.labels.dy = -2
    bc.categoryAxis.labels.angle = 30
    catNames = string.split('Jan Feb Mar Apr May Jun Jul Aug', ' ')
    catNames = map(lambda n:n+'-99', catNames)
    bc.categoryAxis.categoryNames = catNames
    drawing.add(bc)
    return drawing
```

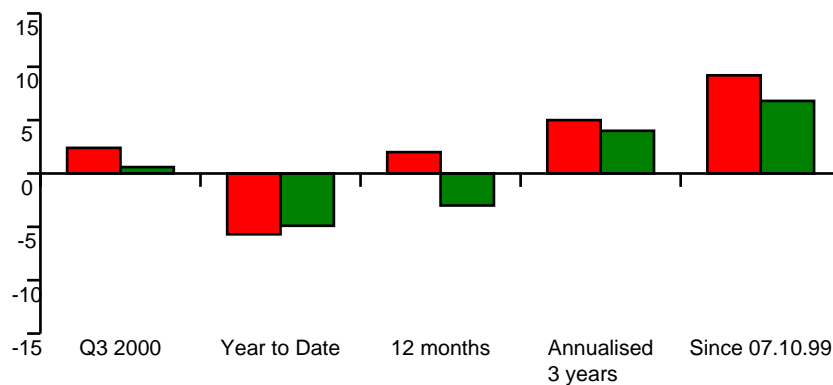


sampleV2a()

Sample of multi-series bar chart.

Example

```
def sampleV2a():
    "Sample of multi-series bar chart."
    data = [(2.4, -5.7, 2, 5, 9.2),
            (0.6, -4.9, -3, 4, 6.8)]
    labels = ("Q3 2000", "Year to Date", "12 months",
              "Annualised\n3 years", "Since 07.10.99")
    drawing = Drawing(400, 200)
    bc = VerticalBarChart()
    bc.x = 50
    bc.y = 50
    bc.height = 120
    bc.width = 300
    bc.data = data
    bc.barSpacing = 0
    bc.groupSpacing = 10
    bc.barWidth = 10
    bc.valueAxis.valueMin = -15
    bc.valueAxis.valueMax = +15
    bc.valueAxis.valueStep = 5
    bc.valueAxis.labels.fontName = 'Helvetica'
    bc.valueAxis.labels.fontSize = 8
    bc.valueAxis.labels.boxAnchor = 'n' # irrelevant (becomes 'c')
    bc.valueAxis.labels.textAnchor = 'middle'
    bc.categoryAxis.categoryNames = labels
    bc.categoryAxis.labels.fontName = 'Helvetica'
    bc.categoryAxis.labels.fontSize = 8
    bc.categoryAxis.labels.dy = -60
    drawing.add(bc)
    return drawing
```

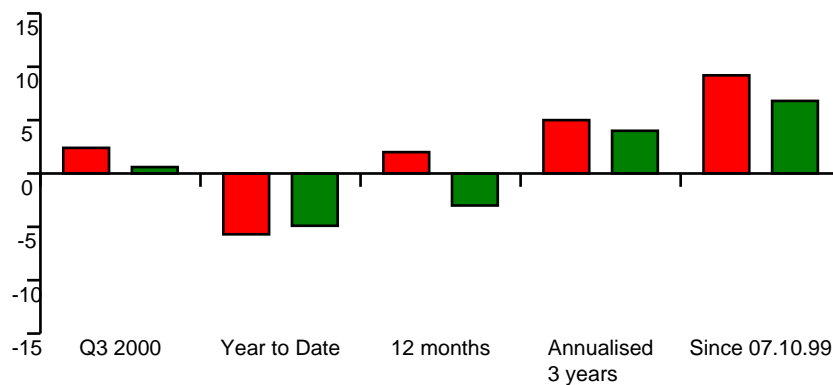


sampleV2b()

Sample of multi-series bar chart.

Example

```
def sampleV2b():
    "Sample of multi-series bar chart."
    data = [(2.4, -5.7, 2, 5, 9.2),
            (0.6, -4.9, -3, 4, 6.8)]
    labels = ("Q3 2000", "Year to Date", "12 months",
              "Annualised\n3 years", "Since 07.10.99")
    drawing = Drawing(400, 200)
    bc = VerticalBarChart()
    bc.x = 50
    bc.y = 50
    bc.height = 120
    bc.width = 300
    bc.data = data
    bc.barSpacing = 5
    bc.groupSpacing = 10
    bc.barWidth = 10
    bc.valueAxis.valueMin = -15
    bc.valueAxis.valueMax = +15
    bc.valueAxis.valueStep = 5
    bc.valueAxis.labels.fontName = 'Helvetica'
    bc.valueAxis.labels.fontSize = 8
    bc.valueAxis.labels.boxAnchor = 'n' # irrelevant (becomes 'c')
    bc.valueAxis.labels.textAnchor = 'middle'
    bc.categoryAxis.categoryNames = labels
    bc.categoryAxis.labels.fontName = 'Helvetica'
    bc.categoryAxis.labels.fontSize = 8
    bc.categoryAxis.labels.dy = -60
    drawing.add(bc)
    return drawing
```

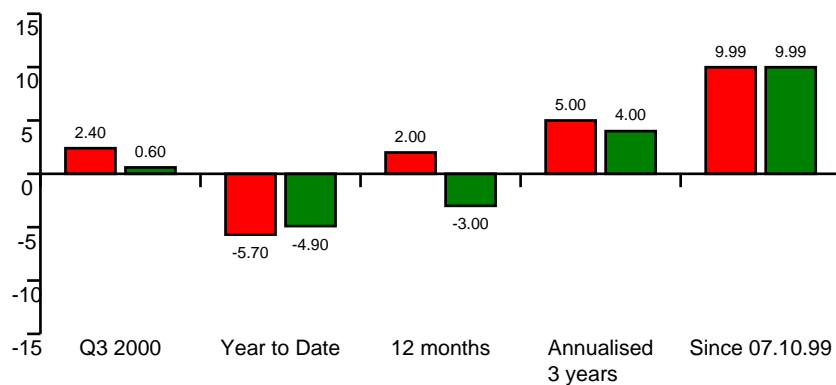


sampleV2c()

Sample of multi-series bar chart.

Example

```
def sampleV2c():
    "Sample of multi-series bar chart."
    data = [(2.4, -5.7, 2, 5, 9.99),
            (0.6, -4.9, -3, 4, 9.99)]
    labels = ("Q3 2000", "Year to Date", "12 months",
              "Annualised\n3 years", "Since 07.10.99")
    drawing = Drawing(400, 200)
    bc = VerticalBarChart()
    bc.x = 50
    bc.y = 50
    bc.height = 120
    bc.width = 300
    bc.data = data
    bc.barSpacing = 2
    bc.groupSpacing = 10
    bc.barWidth = 10
    bc.valueAxis.valueMin = -15
    bc.valueAxis.valueMax = +15
    bc.valueAxis.valueStep = 5
    bc.valueAxis.labels.fontName = 'Helvetica'
    bc.valueAxis.labels.fontSize = 8
    bc.categoryAxis.categoryNames = labels
    bc.categoryAxis.labels.fontName = 'Helvetica'
    bc.categoryAxis.labels.fontSize = 8
    bc.valueAxis.labels.boxAnchor = 'n'
    bc.valueAxis.labels.textAnchor = 'middle'
    bc.categoryAxis.labels.dy = -60
    bc.barLabels.nudge = 10
    bc.barLabelFormat = '%0.2f'
    bc.barLabels.dx = 0
    bc.barLabels.dy = 0
    bc.barLabels.boxAnchor = 'n' # irrelevant (becomes 'c')
    bc.barLabels.fontName = 'Helvetica'
    bc.barLabels.fontSize = 6
    drawing.add(bc)
    return drawing
```



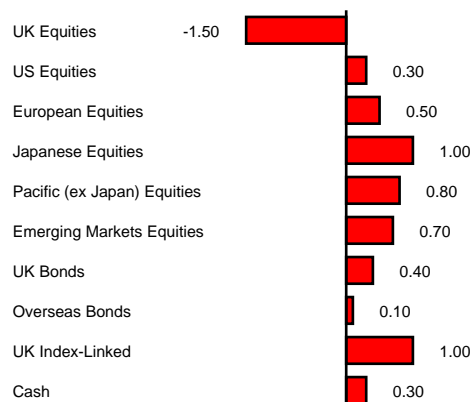
sampleV3()

Faked horizontal bar chart using a vertical real one (deprecated).

Example

```
def sampleV3():
    "Faked horizontal bar chart using a vertical real one (deprecated)."
```

```
    names = ("UK Equities", "US Equities", "European Equities", "Japanese Equities",
             "Pacific (ex Japan) Equities", "Emerging Markets Equities",
             "UK Bonds", "Overseas Bonds", "UK Index-Linked", "Cash")
    series1 = (-1.5, 0.3, 0.5, 1.0, 0.8, 0.7, 0.4, 0.1, 1.0, 0.3)
    series2 = (0.0, 0.33, 0.55, 1.1, 0.88, 0.77, 0.44, 0.11, 1.10, 0.33)
    assert len(names) == len(series1), "bad data"
    assert len(names) == len(series2), "bad data"
    drawing = Drawing(400, 200)
    bc = VerticalBarChart()
    bc.x = 0
    bc.y = 0
    bc.height = 100
    bc.width = 150
    bc.data = (series1,)
    bc.bars.fillColor = colors.green
    bc.barLabelFormat = '%0.2f'
    bc.barLabels.dx = 0
    bc.barLabels.dy = 0
    bc.barLabels.boxAnchor = 'w' # irrelevant (becomes 'c')
    bc.barLabels.angle = 90
    bc.barLabels.fontName = 'Helvetica'
    bc.barLabels.fontSize = 6
    bc.barLabels.nudge = 10
    bc.valueAxis.visible = 0
    bc.valueAxis.valueMin = -2
    bc.valueAxis.valueMax = +2
    bc.valueAxis.valueStep = 1
    bc.categoryAxis.tickUp = 0
    bc.categoryAxis.tickDown = 0
    bc.categoryAxis.categoryNames = names
    bc.categoryAxis.labels.angle = 90
    bc.categoryAxis.labels.boxAnchor = 'w'
    bc.categoryAxis.labels.dx = 0
    bc.categoryAxis.labels.dy = -125
    bc.categoryAxis.labels.fontName = 'Helvetica'
    bc.categoryAxis.labels.fontSize = 6
    g = Group(bc)
    g.translate(100, 175)
    g.rotate(-90)
    drawing.add(g)
    return drawing
```

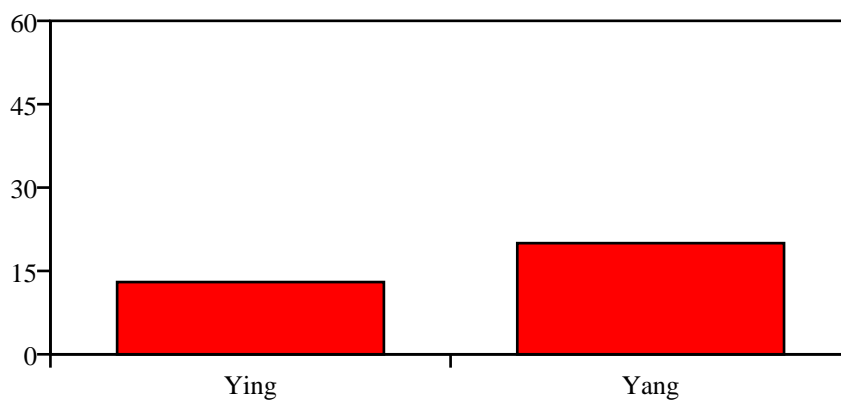


sampleV4a()

A bar chart showing value axis region starting at **exactly** zero.

Example

```
def sampleV4a():
    "A bar chart showing value axis region starting at *exactly* zero."
    drawing = Drawing(400, 200)
    data = [(13, 20)]
    bc = VerticalBarChart()
    bc.x = 50
    bc.y = 50
    bc.height = 125
    bc.width = 300
    bc.data = data
    bc.strokeColor = colors.black
    bc.valueAxis.valueMin = 0
    bc.valueAxis.valueMax = 60
    bc.valueAxis.valueStep = 15
    bc.categoryAxis.labels.boxAnchor = 'n'
    bc.categoryAxis.labels.dy = -5
    bc.categoryAxis.categoryNames = ['Ying', 'Yang']
    drawing.add(bc)
    return drawing
```

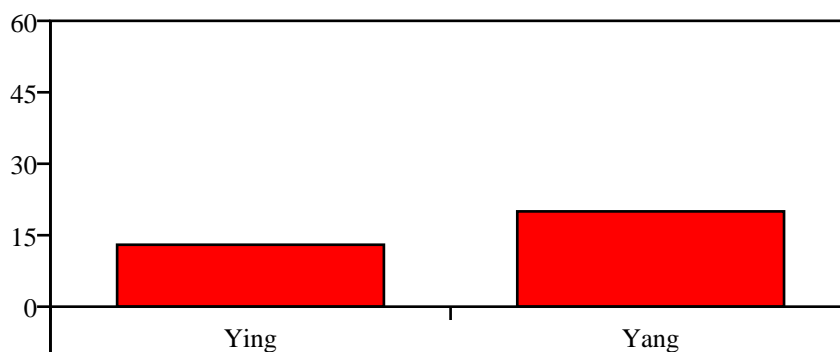


sampleV4b()

A bar chart showing value axis region starting **below** zero.

Example

```
def sampleV4b():
    "A bar chart showing value axis region starting *below* zero."
    drawing = Drawing(400, 200)
    data = [(13, 20)]
    bc = VerticalBarChart()
    bc.x = 50
    bc.y = 50
    bc.height = 125
    bc.width = 300
    bc.data = data
    bc.strokeColor = colors.black
    bc.valueAxis.valueMin = -10
    bc.valueAxis.valueMax = 60
    bc.valueAxis.valueStep = 15
    bc.categoryAxis.labels.boxAnchor = 'n'
    bc.categoryAxis.labels.dy = -5
    bc.categoryAxis.categoryNames = ['Ying', 'Yang']
    drawing.add(bc)
    return drawing
```

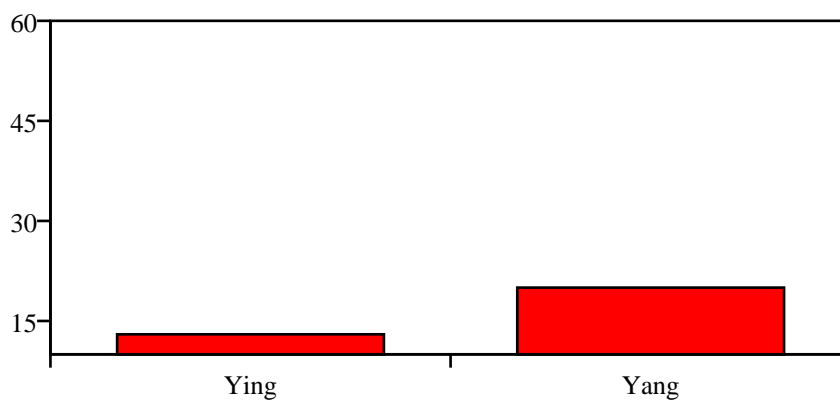


sampleV4c()

A bar chart showing value axis region starting *above* zero.

Example

```
def sampleV4c():
    "A bar chart showing value axis region starting above zero."
    drawing = Drawing(400, 200)
    data = [(13, 20)]
    bc = VerticalBarChart()
    bc.x = 50
    bc.y = 50
    bc.height = 125
    bc.width = 300
    bc.data = data
    bc.strokeColor = colors.black
    bc.valueAxis.valueMin = 10
    bc.valueAxis.valueMax = 60
    bc.valueAxis.valueStep = 15
    bc.categoryAxis.labels.boxAnchor = 'n'
    bc.categoryAxis.labels.dy = -5
    bc.categoryAxis.categoryNames = ['Ying', 'Yang']
    drawing.add(bc)
    return drawing
```

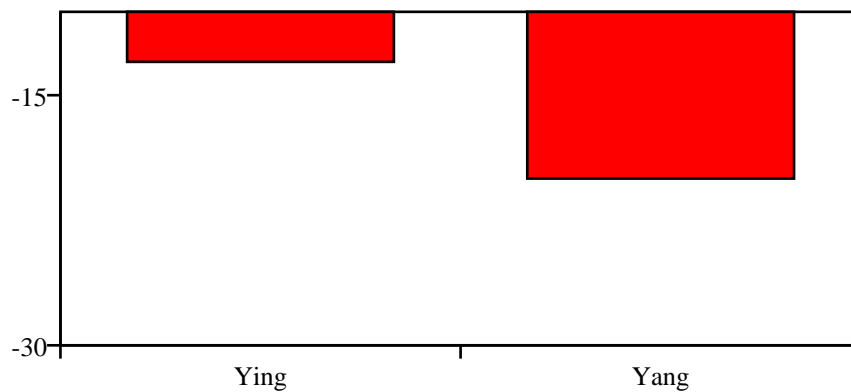


sampleV4d()

A bar chart showing value axis region entirely **below** zero.

Example

```
def sampleV4d():
    "A bar chart showing value axis region entirely *below* zero."
    drawing = Drawing(400, 200)
    data = [(-13, -20)]
    bc = VerticalBarChart()
    bc.x = 50
    bc.y = 50
    bc.height = 125
    bc.width = 300
    bc.data = data
    bc.strokeColor = colors.black
    bc.valueAxis.valueMin = -30
    bc.valueAxis.valueMax = -10
    bc.valueAxis.valueStep = 15
    bc.categoryAxis.labels.boxAnchor = 'n'
    bc.categoryAxis.labels.dy = -5
    bc.categoryAxis.categoryNames = ['Ying', 'Yang']
    drawing.add(bc)
    return drawing
```

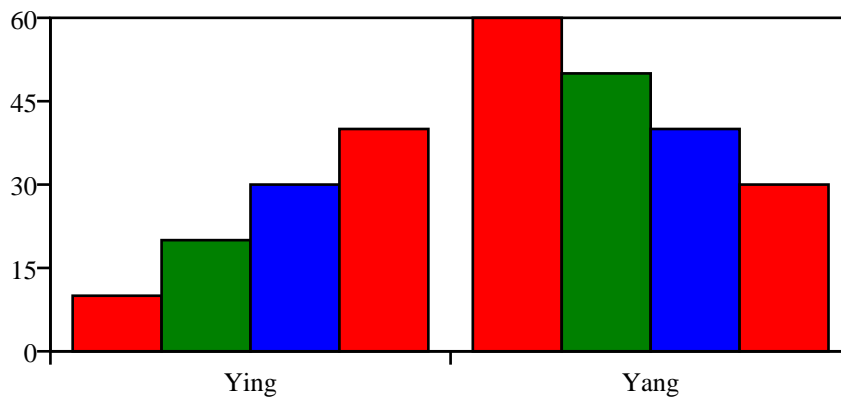


sampleV5a()

A simple bar chart with no expressed spacing attributes.

Example

```
def sampleV5a():
    "A simple bar chart with no expressed spacing attributes."
    drawing = Drawing(400, 200)
    data = dataSample5
    bc = VerticalBarChart()
    bc.x = 50
    bc.y = 50
    bc.height = 125
    bc.width = 300
    bc.data = data
    bc.strokeColor = colors.black
    bc.valueAxis.valueMin = 0
    bc.valueAxis.valueMax = 60
    bc.valueAxis.valueStep = 15
    bc.categoryAxis.labels.boxAnchor = 'n'
    bc.categoryAxis.labels.dy = -5
    bc.categoryAxis.categoryNames = ['Ying', 'Yang']
    drawing.add(bc)
    return drawing
```

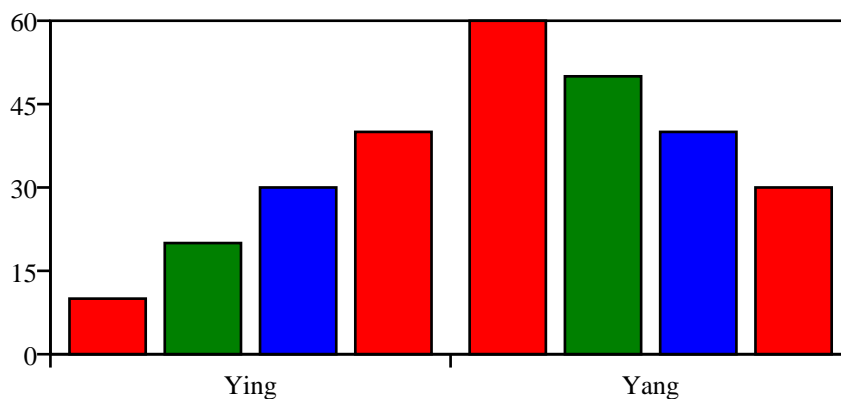


sampleV5b()

A simple bar chart with proportional spacing.

Example

```
def sampleV5b():
    "A simple bar chart with proportional spacing."
    drawing = Drawing(400, 200)
    data = dataSample5
    bc = VerticalBarChart()
    bc.x = 50
    bc.y = 50
    bc.height = 125
    bc.width = 300
    bc.data = data
    bc.strokeColor = colors.black
    bc.useAbsolute = 0
    bc.barWidth = 40
    bc.groupSpacing = 20
    bc.barSpacing = 10
    bc.valueAxis.valueMin = 0
    bc.valueAxis.valueMax = 60
    bc.valueAxis.valueStep = 15
    bc.categoryAxis.labels.boxAnchor = 'n'
    bc.categoryAxis.labels.dy = -5
    bc.categoryAxis.categoryNames = ['Ying', 'Yang']
    drawing.add(bc)
    return drawing
```

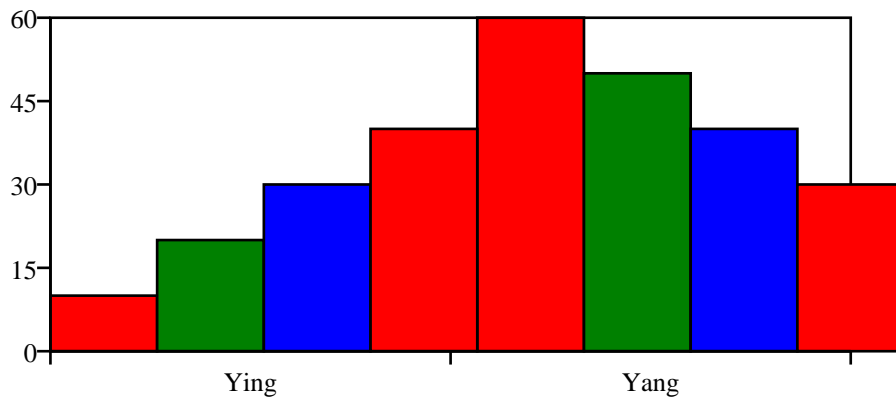


sampleV5c1()

Make sampe simple bar chart but with absolute spacing.

Example

```
def sampleV5c1():
    "Make sampe simple bar chart but with absolute spacing."
    drawing = Drawing(400, 200)
    data = dataSample5
    bc = VerticalBarChart()
    bc.x = 50
    bc.y = 50
    bc.height = 125
    bc.width = 300
    bc.data = data
    bc.strokeColor = colors.black
    bc.useAbsolute = 1
    bc.barWidth = 40
    bc.groupSpacing = 0
    bc.barSpacing = 0
    bc.valueAxis.valueMin = 0
    bc.valueAxis.valueMax = 60
    bc.valueAxis.valueStep = 15
    bc.categoryAxis.labels.boxAnchor = 'n'
    bc.categoryAxis.labels.dy = -5
    bc.categoryAxis.categoryNames = ['Ying', 'Yang']
    drawing.add(bc)
    return drawing
```

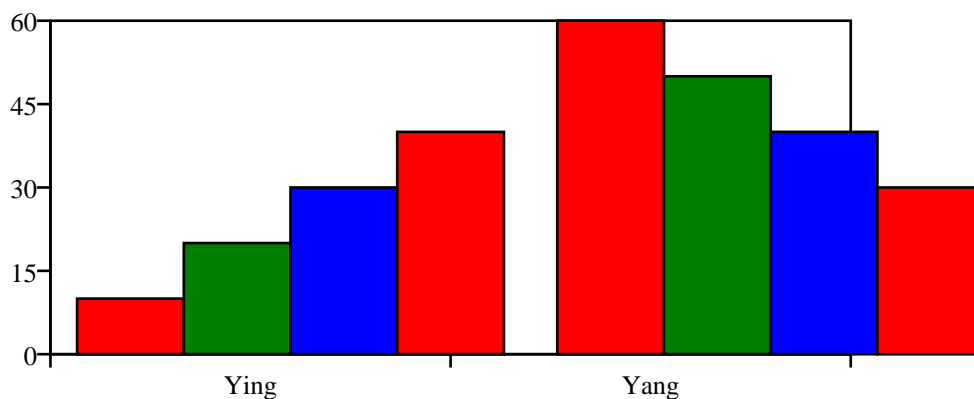


sampleV5c2()

Make sampe simple bar chart but with absolute spacing.

Example

```
def sampleV5c2():
    "Make sampe simple bar chart but with absolute spacing."
    drawing = Drawing(400, 200)
    data = dataSample5
    bc = VerticalBarChart()
    bc.x = 50
    bc.y = 50
    bc.height = 125
    bc.width = 300
    bc.data = data
    bc.strokeColor = colors.black
    bc.useAbsolute = 1
    bc.barWidth = 40
    bc.groupSpacing = 20
    bc.barSpacing = 0
    bc.valueAxis.valueMin = 0
    bc.valueAxis.valueMax = 60
    bc.valueAxis.valueStep = 15
    bc.categoryAxis.labels.boxAnchor = 'n'
    bc.categoryAxis.labels.dy = -5
    bc.categoryAxis.categoryNames = ['Ying', 'Yang']
    drawing.add(bc)
    return drawing
```

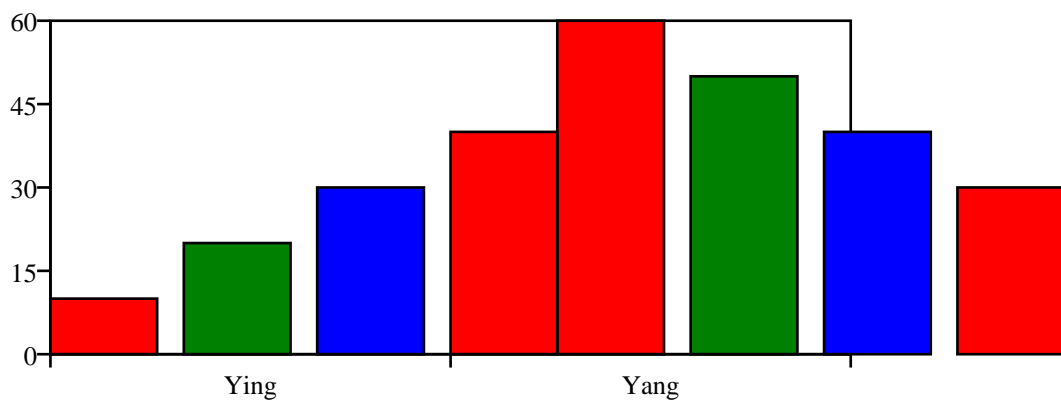


sampleV5c3()

Make sampe simple bar chart but with absolute spacing.

Example

```
def sampleV5c3():
    "Make sampe simple bar chart but with absolute spacing."
    drawing = Drawing(400, 200)
    data = dataSample5
    bc = VerticalBarChart()
    bc.x = 50
    bc.y = 50
    bc.height = 125
    bc.width = 300
    bc.data = data
    bc.strokeColor = colors.black
    bc.useAbsolute = 1
    bc.barWidth = 40
    bc.groupSpacing = 0
    bc.barSpacing = 10
    bc.valueAxis.valueMin = 0
    bc.valueAxis.valueMax = 60
    bc.valueAxis.valueStep = 15
    bc.categoryAxis.labels.boxAnchor = 'n'
    bc.categoryAxis.labels.dy = -5
    bc.categoryAxis.categoryNames = ['Ying', 'Yang']
    drawing.add(bc)
    return drawing
```

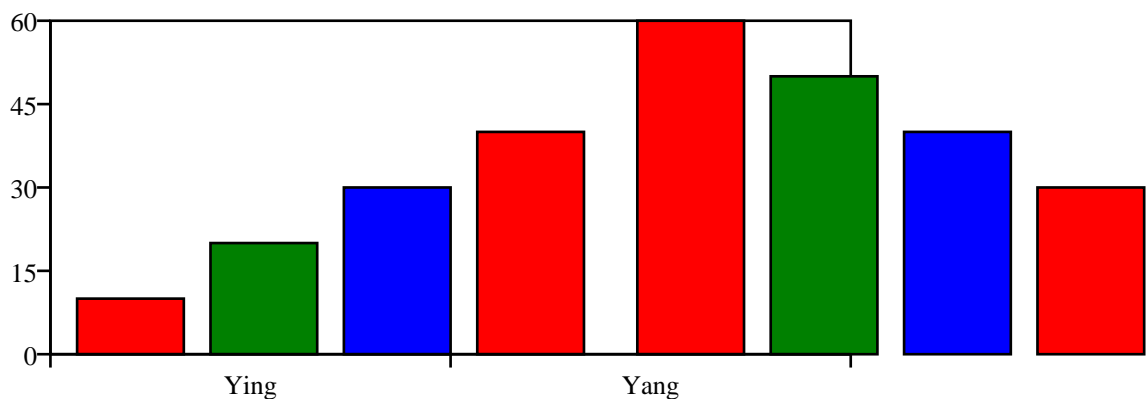


sampleV5c4()

Make sampe simple bar chart but with absolute spacing.

Example

```
def sampleV5c4():
    "Make sampe simple bar chart but with absolute spacing."
    drawing = Drawing(400, 200)
    data = dataSample5
    bc = VerticalBarChart()
    bc.x = 50
    bc.y = 50
    bc.height = 125
    bc.width = 300
    bc.data = data
    bc.strokeColor = colors.black
    bc.useAbsolute = 1
    bc.barWidth = 40
    bc.groupSpacing = 20
    bc.barSpacing = 10
    bc.valueAxis.valueMin = 0
    bc.valueAxis.valueMax = 60
    bc.valueAxis.valueStep = 15
    bc.categoryAxis.labels.boxAnchor = 'n'
    bc.categoryAxis.labels.dy = -5
    bc.categoryAxis.categoryNames = ['Ying', 'Yang']
    drawing.add(bc)
    return drawing
```



axes

Collection of axes for charts.

The current collection comprises axes for charts using cartesian coordinate systems. All axes might have tick marks and labels. There are two dichotomies for axes: one of X and Y flavours and another of category and value flavours.

Category axes have an ordering but no metric. They are divided into a number of equal-sized buckets. Their tick marks or labels, if available, go BETWEEN the buckets, and the labels are placed below to/left of the X/Y-axis, respectively.

Value axes have an ordering AND metric. They correspond to a numeric quantity. Value axis have a real number quantity associated with it. The chart tells it where to go.

The most basic axis divides the number line into equal spaces and has tickmarks and labels associated with each; later we will add variants where you can specify the sampling interval.

The charts using axis tell them where the labels should be placed.

Axes of complementary X/Y flavours can be connected to each other in various ways, i.e. with a specific reference point, like an x/value axis to a y/value (or category) axis. In this case the connection can be either at the top or bottom of the former or at any absolute value (specified in points) or at some value of the former axes in its own coordinate system.

Classes

CategoryAxis(Widget)

Abstract category axis, unusable in itself.

Public Attributes

categoryNames List of category names.

gridEnd End of grid lines wrt axis origin

gridStart Start of grid lines wrt axis origin

gridStrokeColor Color of grid lines.

gridStrokeDashArray Dash array used for grid lines.

gridStrokeWidth Width of grid lines.

joinAxis Join both axes if true.

joinAxisPos Position at which to join with other axis.

labelAxisMode Like joinAxisMode, but for the axis labels

labels Handle of the axis labels.

reverseDirection If true reverse category direction.

strokeColor Color of axis line and ticks.

strokeDashArray Dash array used for axis line.

strokeWidth Width of axis line and ticks.

style How common category bars are plotted

visible Display entire object, if true.

visibleAxis Display axis line, if true.

visibleGrid Display axis grid, if true.

visibleTicks Display axis ticks, if true.

NormalDateXValueAxis(XValueAxis)

An X axis applying additional rules.

Depending on the data and some built-in rules, the axis displays normalDate values as nicely formatted dates.

FidXValueAxis is an axis component for FidLinePlot.

The client chart should have NormalDate values.

Public Attributes

avoidBoundFrac Fraction of interval to allow above and below.

bottomAxisLabelSlack Fractional amount used to adjust label spacing

dailyFreq True if we are to assume daily data to be ticked at end of month.

dayOfWeekName Weekday names.

forceEndDate Flag for enforced displaying of last date value.

forceFirstDate Flag for enforced displaying of first date value.

forceZero Ensure zero in range if true.

gridEnd End of grid lines wrt axis origin

gridStart Start of grid lines wrt axis origin

gridStrokeColor Color of grid lines.

gridStrokeDashArray Dash array used for grid lines.

gridStrokeWidth Width of grid lines.

joinAxis Join both axes if true.

joinAxisMode Mode used for connecting axis ('bottom', 'top', 'value', 'points', None).

joinAxisPos Position at which to join with other axis.

labelTextFormat Formatting string or function used for axis labels.

labels Handle of the axis labels.

maximumTicks Maximum number of ticks.

minimumTickSpacing Minimum value for distance between ticks.

monthName Month names.

niceMonth Flag for displaying months 'nicely'.

strokeColor Color of axis line and ticks.

strokeDashArray Dash array used for axis line.

strokeWidth Width of axis line and ticks.

tickDown Tick length down the axis.

tickUp Tick length up the axis.

valueMax Maximum value on axis.

valueMin Minimum value on axis.

valueStep Step size used between ticks.

valueSteps List of step sizes used between ticks.

visible Display entire object, if true.

visibleAxis Display axis line, if true.

visibleGrid Display axis grid, if true.

visibleTicks Display axis ticks, if true.

xLabelFormat Label format string (e.g. '{mm}/{yy}') or function.

Example

```
def demo(self):
    self.setPosition(20, 50, 150)
    self.configure([(10,20,30,40,50)])
    d = Drawing(200, 100)
    d.add(self)
    return d
```

Properties of Example Widget

```
avoidBoundFrac = None
bottomAxisLabelSlack = 0.10000000000000001
dailyFreq = 0
dayOfWeekName = ['Monday', 'Tuesday', 'Wednesday', 'Thursday', 'Friday', 'Saturday', 'Sunday']
forceEndDate = 0
forceFirstDate = 0
forceZero = 0
gridEnd = 0
gridStart = 0
gridStrokeColor = Color(0,0,0)
gridStrokeDashArray = None
gridStrokeWidth = 0.25
joinAxis = None
joinAxisMode = None
joinAxisPos = None
labelTextFormat = '%d'
labels = <reportlab.graphics.widgetbase.TypedPropertyCollection instance at 01242C44>
maximumTicks = 7
minimumTickSpacing = 10
monthName = ['January',
             'February',
             'March',
             'April',
             'May',
             'June',
             'July',
             'August',
             'September',
             'October',
             'November',
             'December']
niceMonth = 1
```

```
strokeColor = Color(0,0,0)
strokeDashArray = None
strokeWidth = 1
tickDown = 5
tickUp = 0
valueMax = None
valueMin = None
valueStep = None
valueSteps = None
visible = 1
visibleAxis = 1
visibleGrid = 0
visibleTicks = 1
xlabelFormat = '{mm}/{yy}'
```

ValueAxis(Widget)

Abstract value axis, unusable in itself.

Public Attributes

avoidBoundFrac Fraction of interval to allow above and below.

forceZero Ensure zero in range if true.

gridEnd End of grid lines wrt axis origin

gridStart Start of grid lines wrt axis origin

gridStrokeColor Color of grid lines.

gridStrokeDashArray Dash array used for grid lines.

gridStrokeWidth Width of grid lines.

labelTextFormat Formatting string or function used for axis labels.

labels Handle of the axis labels.

maximumTicks Maximum number of ticks.

minimumTickSpacing Minimum value for distance between ticks.

strokeColor Color of axis line and ticks.

strokeDashArray Dash array used for axis line.

strokeWidth Width of axis line and ticks.

valueMax Maximum value on axis.

valueMin Minimum value on axis.

valueStep Step size used between ticks.

valueSteps List of step sizes used between ticks.

visible Display entire object, if true.

visibleAxis Display axis line, if true.

visibleGrid Display axis grid, if true.

visibleTicks Display axis ticks, if true.

XCategoryAxis(CategoryAxis)

X/category axis

Public Attributes

categoryNames List of category names.

gridEnd End of grid lines wrt axis origin

gridStart Start of grid lines wrt axis origin

gridStrokeColor Color of grid lines.

gridStrokeDashArray Dash array used for grid lines.

gridStrokeWidth Width of grid lines.

joinAxis Join both axes if true.

joinAxisMode Mode used for connecting axis ('bottom', 'top', 'value', 'points', None).

joinAxisPos Position at which to join with other axis.

labelAxisMode Like joinAxisMode, but for the axis labels

labels Handle of the axis labels.

reverseDirection If true reverse category direction.

strokeColor Color of axis line and ticks.

strokeDashArray Dash array used for axis line.

strokeWidth Width of axis line and ticks.

style How common category bars are plotted

tickDown Tick length down the axis.

tickUp Tick length up the axis.

visible Display entire object, if true.

visibleAxis Display axis line, if true.

visibleGrid Display axis grid, if true.

visibleTicks Display axis ticks, if true.

XValueAxis(ValueAxis)

X/value axis

Public Attributes

avoidBoundFrac Fraction of interval to allow above and below.

forceZero Ensure zero in range if true.

gridEnd End of grid lines wrt axis origin

gridStart Start of grid lines wrt axis origin

gridStrokeColor Color of grid lines.

gridStrokeDashArray Dash array used for grid lines.

gridStrokeWidth Width of grid lines.

joinAxis Join both axes if true.

joinAxisMode Mode used for connecting axis ('bottom', 'top', 'value', 'points', None).

joinAxisPos Position at which to join with other axis.

labelTextFormat Formatting string or function used for axis labels.

labels Handle of the axis labels.

maximumTicks Maximum number of ticks.

minimumTickSpacing Minimum value for distance between ticks.

strokeColor Color of axis line and ticks.

strokeDashArray Dash array used for axis line.

strokeWidth Width of axis line and ticks.

tickDown Tick length down the axis.

tickUp Tick length up the axis.

valueMax Maximum value on axis.

valueMin Minimum value on axis.

valueStep Step size used between ticks.

valueSteps List of step sizes used between ticks.

visible Display entire object, if true.

visibleAxis Display axis line, if true.

visibleGrid Display axis grid, if true.

visibleTicks Display axis ticks, if true.

Example

```
def demo(self):
    self.setPosition(20, 50, 150)
    self.configure([(10,20,30,40,50)])
    d = Drawing(200, 100)
    d.add(self)
    return d
```

Properties of Example Widget

```
avoidBoundFrac = None
forceZero = 0
gridEnd = 0
gridStart = 0
gridStrokeColor = Color(0,0,0)
gridStrokeDashArray = None
gridStrokeWidth = 0.25
joinAxis = None
joinAxisMode = None
joinAxisPos = None
labelTextFormat = '%d'
labels = <reportlab.graphics.widgetbase.TypedPropertyCollection instance at 011A345C>
maximumTicks = 7
minimumTickSpacing = 10
strokeColor = Color(0,0,0)
strokeDashArray = None
strokeWidth = 1
tickDown = 5
tickUp = 0
valueMax = None
valueMin = None
valueStep = None
visible = 1
visibleAxis = 1
visibleGrid = 0
visibleTicks = 1
```

YCategoryAxis (CategoryAxis)

Y/category axis

Public Attributes

categoryNames List of category names.

gridEnd End of grid lines wrt axis origin

gridStart Start of grid lines wrt axis origin

gridStrokeColor Color of grid lines.

gridStrokeDashArray Dash array used for grid lines.

gridStrokeWidth Width of grid lines.

joinAxis Join both axes if true.

joinAxisMode Mode used for connecting axis ('left', 'right', 'value', 'points', None).

joinAxisPos Position at which to join with other axis.

labelAxisMode Like joinAxisMode, but for the axis labels

labels Handle of the axis labels.

reverseDirection If true reverse category direction.

strokeColor Color of axis line and ticks.

strokeDashArray Dash array used for axis line.

strokeWidth Width of axis line and ticks.

style How common category bars are plotted

tickLeft Tick length left of the axis.

tickRight Tick length right of the axis.

visible Display entire object, if true.

visibleAxis Display axis line, if true.

visibleGrid Display axis grid, if true.

visibleTicks Display axis ticks, if true.

YValueAxis (ValueAxis)

Y/value axis

Public Attributes

avoidBoundFrac Fraction of interval to allow above and below.

forceZero Ensure zero in range if true.

gridEnd End of grid lines wrt axis origin

gridStart Start of grid lines wrt axis origin

gridStrokeColor Color of grid lines.

gridStrokeDashArray Dash array used for grid lines.

gridStrokeWidth Width of grid lines.

joinAxis Join both axes if true.

joinAxisMode Mode used for connecting axis ('left', 'right', 'value', 'points', None).

joinAxisPos Position at which to join with other axis.

labelTextFormat Formatting string or function used for axis labels.

labels Handle of the axis labels.

maximumTicks Maximum number of ticks.

minimumTickSpacing Minimum value for distance between ticks.

strokeColor Color of axis line and ticks.

strokeDashArray Dash array used for axis line.

strokeWidth Width of axis line and ticks.

tickLeft Tick length left of the axis.

tickRight Tick length right of the axis.

valueMax Maximum value on axis.

valueMin Minimum value on axis.

valueStep Step size used between ticks.

valueSteps List of step sizes used between ticks.

visible Display entire object, if true.

visibleAxis Display axis line, if true.

visibleGrid Display axis grid, if true.

visibleTicks Display axis ticks, if true.

Example

```
def demo(self):
    data = [(10, 20, 30, 42)]
    self.setPosition(100, 10, 80)
    self.configure(data)
    drawing = Drawing(200, 100)
    drawing.add(self)
    return drawing
```

Properties of Example Widget

```
avoidBoundFrac = None
forceZero = 0
gridEnd = 0
gridStart = 0
gridStrokeColor = Color(0,0,0)
gridStrokeDashArray = None
gridStrokeWidth = 0.25
joinAxis = None
joinAxisMode = None
joinAxisPos = None
labelTextFormat = '%d'
labels = <reportlab.graphics.widgetbase.TypedPropertyCollection instance at 012BB6B4>
maximumTicks = 7
minimumTickSpacing = 10
strokeColor = Color(0,0,0)
strokeDashArray = None
strokeWidth = 1
tickLeft = 5
tickRight = 0
```

```
valueMax = None
valueMin = None
valueStep = None
visible = 1
visibleAxis = 1
visibleGrid = 0
visibleTicks = 1
```

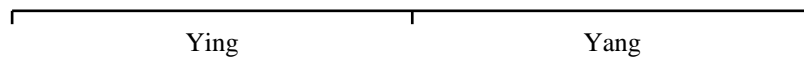
Functions

sample0a()

Sample drawing with one xcat axis and two buckets.

Example

```
def sample0a():
    "Sample drawing with one xcat axis and two buckets."
    drawing = Drawing(400, 200)
    data = [(10, 20)]
    xAxis = XCategoryAxis()
    xAxis.setPosition(75, 75, 300)
    xAxis.configure(data)
    xAxis.categoryNames = ['Ying', 'Yang']
    xAxis.labels.boxAnchor = 'n'
    drawing.add(xAxis)
    return drawing
```

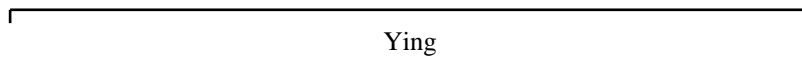


sample0b()

Sample drawing with one xcat axis and one bucket only.

Example

```
def sample0b():
    "Sample drawing with one xcat axis and one bucket only."
    drawing = Drawing(400, 200)
    data = [(10,)]
    xAxis = XCategoryAxis()
    xAxis.setPosition(75, 75, 300)
    xAxis.configure(data)
    xAxis.categoryNames = ['Ying']
    xAxis.labels.boxAnchor = 'n'
    drawing.add(xAxis)
    return drawing
```

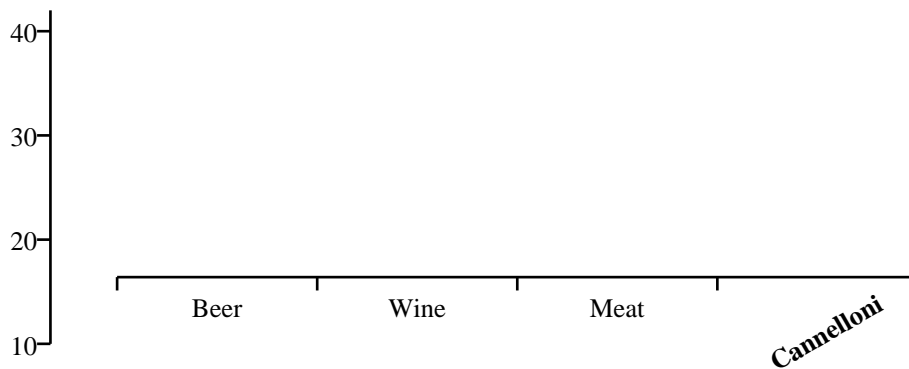


sample1()

Sample drawing containing two unconnected axes.

Example

```
def sample1():
    "Sample drawing containing two unconnected axes."
    drawing = Drawing(400, 200)
    data = [(10, 20, 30, 42)]
    xAxis = XCategoryAxis()
    xAxis.setPosition(75, 75, 300)
    xAxis.configure(data)
    xAxis.categoryNames = ['Beer', 'Wine', 'Meat', 'Cannelloni']
    xAxis.labels.boxAnchor = 'n'
    xAxis.labels[3].dy = -15
    xAxis.labels[3].angle = 30
    xAxis.labels[3].fontName = 'Times-Bold'
    yAxis = YValueAxis()
    yAxis.setPosition(50, 50, 125)
    yAxis.configure(data)
    drawing.add(xAxis)
    drawing.add(yAxis)
    return drawing
```

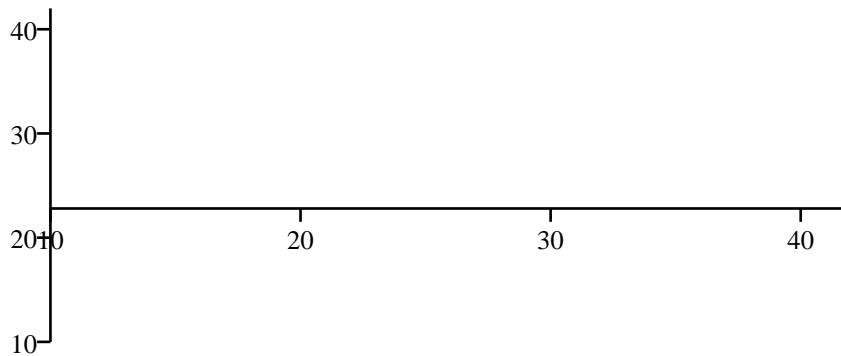


sample4a()

Sample drawing, xvalue/yvalue axes, y connected at 100 pts to x.

Example

```
def sample4a():
    "Sample drawing, xvalue/yvalue axes, y connected at 100 pts to x."
    drawing = Drawing(400, 200)
    data = [(10, 20, 30, 42)]
    yAxis = YValueAxis()
    yAxis.setPosition(50, 50, 125)
    yAxis.configure(data)
    xAxis = XValueAxis()
    xAxis._length = 300
    xAxis.joinAxis = yAxis
    xAxis.joinAxisMode = 'points'
    xAxis.joinAxisPos = 100
    xAxis.configure(data)
    drawing.add(xAxis)
    drawing.add(yAxis)
    return drawing
```



sample4b()

Sample drawing, xvalue/yvalue axes, y connected at value 35 of x.

Example

```
def sample4b():
    "Sample drawing, xvalue/yvalue axes, y connected at value 35 of x."
    drawing = Drawing(400, 200)
    data = [(10, 20, 30, 42)]
    yAxis = YValueAxis()
    yAxis.setPosition(50, 50, 125)
    yAxis.configure(data)
    xAxis = XValueAxis()
    xAxis._length = 300
    xAxis.joinAxis = yAxis
    xAxis.joinAxisMode = 'value'
    xAxis.joinAxisPos = 35
    xAxis.configure(data)
    drawing.add(xAxis)
    drawing.add(yAxis)
    return drawing
```

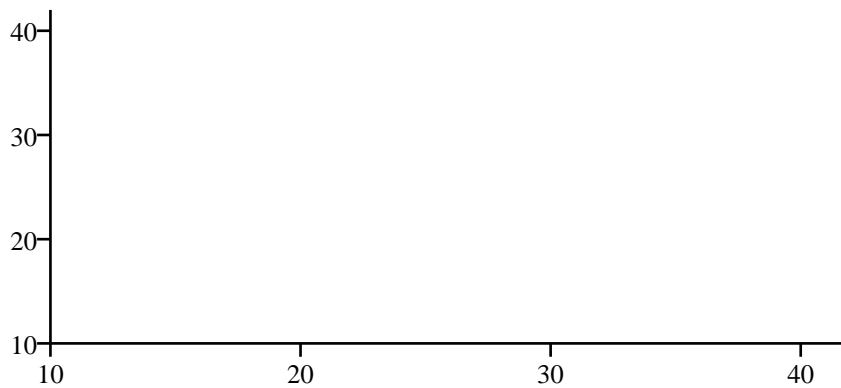


sample4c()

Sample drawing, xvalue/yvalue axes, y connected to bottom of x.

Example

```
def sample4c():
    "Sample drawing, xvalue/yvalue axes, y connected to bottom of x."
    drawing = Drawing(400, 200)
    data = [(10, 20, 30, 42)]
    yAxis = YValueAxis()
    yAxis.setPosition(50, 50, 125)
    yAxis.configure(data)
    xAxis = XValueAxis()
    xAxis._length = 300
    xAxis.joinAxis = yAxis
    xAxis.joinAxisMode = 'bottom'
    xAxis.configure(data)
    drawing.add(xAxis)
    drawing.add(yAxis)
    return drawing
```



sample4c1()

xvalue/yvalue axes, without drawing axis lines/ticks.

Example

```
def sample4c1():
    "xvalue/yvalue axes, without drawing axis lines/ticks."
    drawing = Drawing(400, 200)
    data = [(10, 20, 30, 42)]
    yAxis = YValueAxis()
    yAxis.setPosition(50, 50, 125)
    yAxis.configure(data)
    yAxis.visibleAxis = 0
    yAxis.visibleTicks = 0
    xAxis = XValueAxis()
    xAxis._length = 300
    xAxis.joinAxis = yAxis
    xAxis.joinAxisMode = 'bottom'
    xAxis.configure(data)
    xAxis.visibleAxis = 0
    xAxis.visibleTicks = 0
    drawing.add(xAxis)
    drawing.add(yAxis)
    return drawing
```

40

30

20

10

10

20

30

40

sample4d()

Sample drawing, xvalue/yvalue axes, y connected to top of x.

Example

```
def sample4d():
    "Sample drawing, xvalue/yvalue axes, y connected to top of x."
    drawing = Drawing(400, 200)
    data = [(10, 20, 30, 42)]
    yAxis = YValueAxis()
    yAxis.setPosition(50, 50, 125)
    yAxis.configure(data)
    xAxis = XValueAxis()
    xAxis._length = 300
    xAxis.joinAxis = yAxis
    xAxis.joinAxisMode = 'top'
    xAxis.configure(data)
    drawing.add(xAxis)
    drawing.add(yAxis)
    return drawing
```

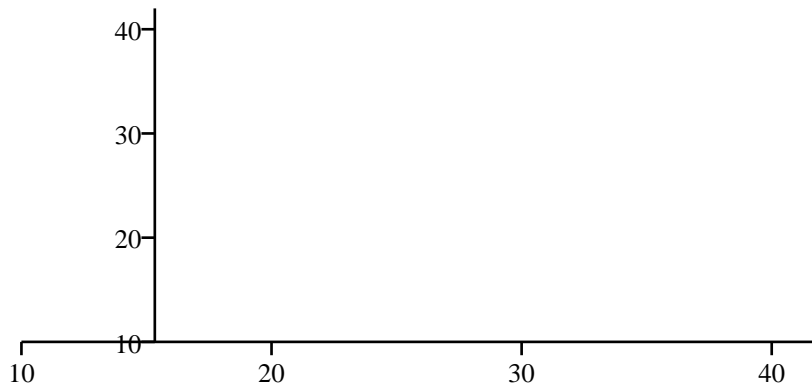


sample5a()

Sample drawing, xvalue/yvalue axes, y connected at 100 pts to x.

Example

```
def sample5a():
    "Sample drawing, xvalue/yvalue axes, y connected at 100 pts to x."
    drawing = Drawing(400, 200)
    data = [(10, 20, 30, 42)]
    xAxis = XValueAxis()
    xAxis.setPosition(50, 50, 300)
    xAxis.configure(data)
    yAxis = YValueAxis()
    yAxis.setPosition(50, 50, 125)
    yAxis.joinAxis = xAxis
    yAxis.joinAxisMode = 'points'
    yAxis.joinAxisPos = 100
    yAxis.configure(data)
    drawing.add(xAxis)
    drawing.add(yAxis)
    return drawing
```



sample5b()

Sample drawing, xvalue/yvalue axes, y connected at value 35 of x.

Example

```
def sample5b():
    "Sample drawing, xvalue/yvalue axes, y connected at value 35 of x."
    drawing = Drawing(400, 200)
    data = [(10, 20, 30, 42)]
    xAxis = XValueAxis()
    xAxis.setPosition(50, 50, 300)
    xAxis.configure(data)
    yAxis = YValueAxis()
    yAxis.setPosition(50, 50, 125)
    yAxis.joinAxis = xAxis
    yAxis.joinAxisMode = 'value'
    yAxis.joinAxisPos = 35
    yAxis.configure(data)
    drawing.add(xAxis)
    drawing.add(yAxis)
    return drawing
```

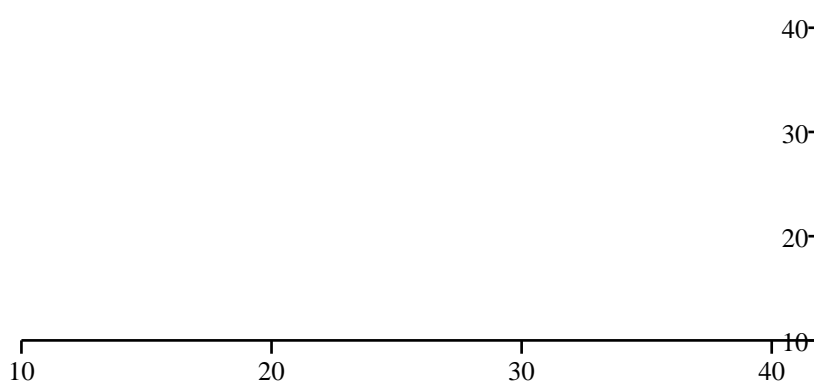


sample5c()

Sample drawing, xvalue/yvalue axes, y connected at right of x.

Example

```
def sample5c():
    "Sample drawing, xvalue/yvalue axes, y connected at right of x."
    drawing = Drawing(400, 200)
    data = [(10, 20, 30, 42)]
    xAxis = XValueAxis()
    xAxis.setPosition(50, 50, 300)
    xAxis.configure(data)
    yAxis = YValueAxis()
    yAxis.setPosition(50, 50, 125)
    yAxis.joinAxis = xAxis
    yAxis.joinAxisMode = 'right'
    yAxis.configure(data)
    drawing.add(xAxis)
    drawing.add(yAxis)
    return drawing
```

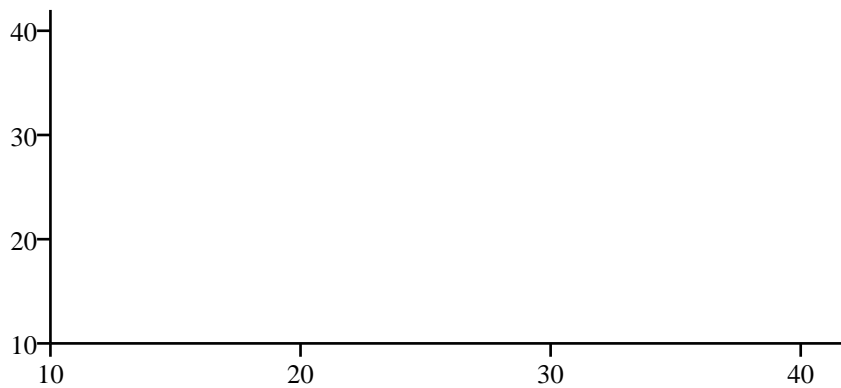


sample5d()

Sample drawing, xvalue/yvalue axes, y connected at left of x.

Example

```
def sample5d():
    "Sample drawing, xvalue/yvalue axes, y connected at left of x."
    drawing = Drawing(400, 200)
    data = [(10, 20, 30, 42)]
    xAxis = XValueAxis()
    xAxis.setPosition(50, 50, 300)
    xAxis.configure(data)
    yAxis = YValueAxis()
    yAxis.setPosition(50, 50, 125)
    yAxis.joinAxis = xAxis
    yAxis.joinAxisMode = 'left'
    yAxis.configure(data)
    drawing.add(xAxis)
    drawing.add(yAxis)
    return drawing
```

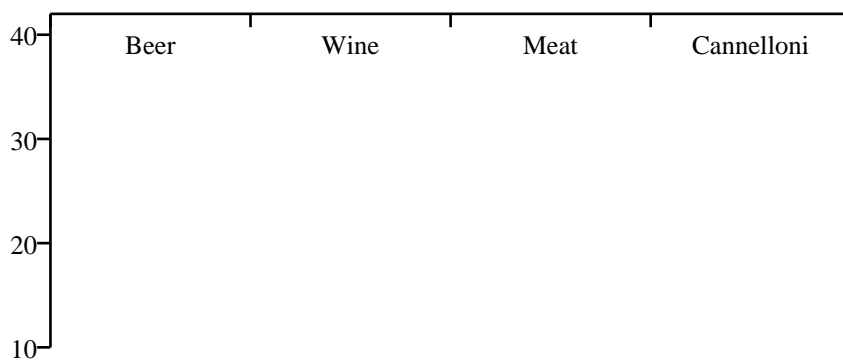


sample6a()

Sample drawing, xcat/yvalue axes, x connected at top of y.

Example

```
def sample6a():
    "Sample drawing, xcat/yvalue axes, x connected at top of y."
    drawing = Drawing(400, 200)
    data = [(10, 20, 30, 42)]
    yAxis = YValueAxis()
    yAxis.setPosition(50, 50, 125)
    yAxis.configure(data)
    xAxis = XCategoryAxis()
    xAxis._length = 300
    xAxis.configure(data)
    xAxis.joinAxis = yAxis
    xAxis.joinAxisMode = 'top'
    xAxis.categoryNames = ['Beer', 'Wine', 'Meat', 'Cannelloni']
    xAxis.labels.boxAnchor = 'n'
    drawing.add(xAxis)
    drawing.add(yAxis)
    return drawing
```



sample6b()

Sample drawing, xcat/yvalue axes, x connected at bottom of y.

Example

```
def sample6b():
    "Sample drawing, xcat/yvalue axes, x connected at bottom of y."
    drawing = Drawing(400, 200)
    data = [(10, 20, 30, 42)]
    yAxis = YValueAxis()
    yAxis.setPosition(50, 50, 125)
    yAxis.configure(data)
    xAxis = XCategoryAxis()
    xAxis._length = 300
    xAxis.configure(data)
    xAxis.joinAxis = yAxis
    xAxis.joinAxisMode = 'bottom'
    xAxis.categoryNames = ['Beer', 'Wine', 'Meat', 'Cannelloni']
    xAxis.labels.boxAnchor = 'n'
    drawing.add(xAxis)
    drawing.add(yAxis)
    return drawing
```

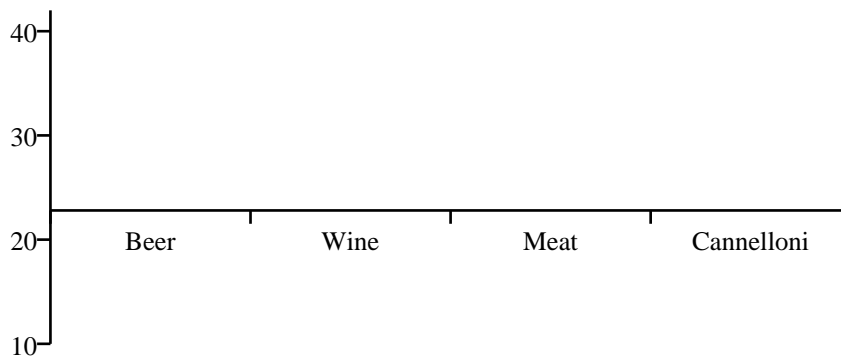


sample6c()

Sample drawing, xcat/yvalue axes, x connected at 100 pts to y.

Example

```
def sample6c():
    "Sample drawing, xcat/yvalue axes, x connected at 100 pts to y."
    drawing = Drawing(400, 200)
    data = [(10, 20, 30, 42)]
    yAxis = YValueAxis()
    yAxis.setPosition(50, 50, 125)
    yAxis.configure(data)
    xAxis = XCategoryAxis()
    xAxis._length = 300
    xAxis.configure(data)
    xAxis.joinAxis = yAxis
    xAxis.joinAxisMode = 'points'
    xAxis.joinAxisPos = 100
    xAxis.categoryNames = ['Beer', 'Wine', 'Meat', 'Cannelloni']
    xAxis.labels.boxAnchor = 'n'
    drawing.add(xAxis)
    drawing.add(yAxis)
    return drawing
```

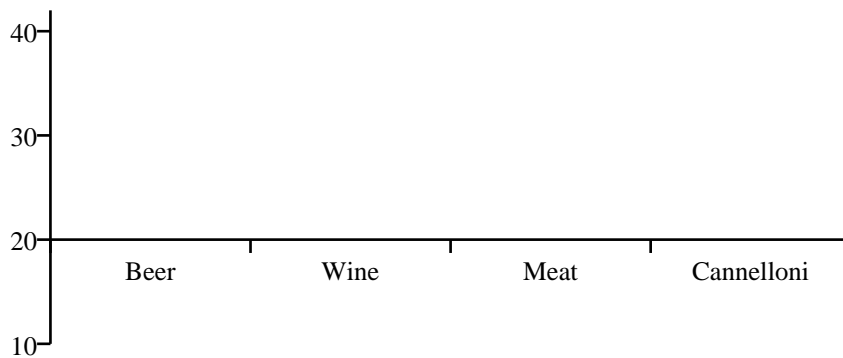


sample6d()

Sample drawing, xcat/yvalue axes, x connected at value 20 of y.

Example

```
def sample6d():
    "Sample drawing, xcat/yvalue axes, x connected at value 20 of y."
    drawing = Drawing(400, 200)
    data = [(10, 20, 30, 42)]
    yAxis = YValueAxis()
    yAxis.setPosition(50, 50, 125)
    yAxis.configure(data)
    xAxis = XCategoryAxis()
    xAxis._length = 300
    xAxis.configure(data)
    xAxis.joinAxis = yAxis
    xAxis.joinAxisMode = 'value'
    xAxis.joinAxisPos = 20
    xAxis.categoryNames = ['Beer', 'Wine', 'Meat', 'Cannelloni']
    xAxis.labels.boxAnchor = 'n'
    drawing.add(xAxis)
    drawing.add(yAxis)
    return drawing
```

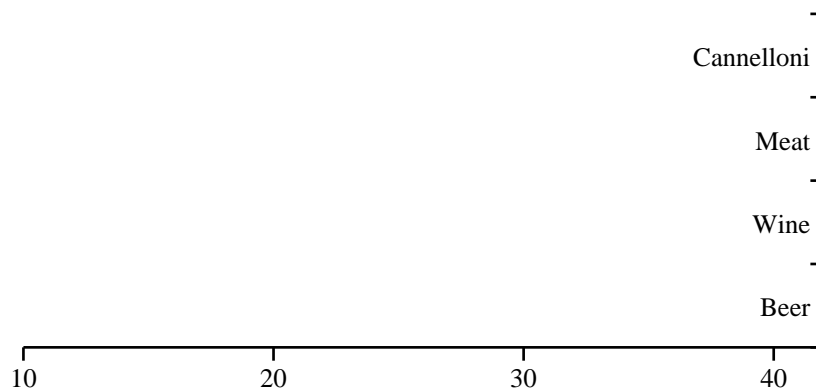


sample7a()

Sample drawing, xvalue/ycat axes, y connected at right of x.

Example

```
def sample7a():
    "Sample drawing, xvalue/ycat axes, y connected at right of x."
    drawing = Drawing(400, 200)
    data = [(10, 20, 30, 42)]
    xAxis = XValueAxis()
    xAxis._length = 300
    xAxis.configure(data)
    yAxis = YCategoryAxis()
    yAxis.setPosition(50, 50, 125)
    yAxis.joinAxis = xAxis
    yAxis.joinAxisMode = 'right'
    yAxis.categoryNames = ['Beer', 'Wine', 'Meat', 'Cannelloni']
    yAxis.labels.boxAnchor = 'e'
    yAxis.configure(data)
    drawing.add(xAxis)
    drawing.add(yAxis)
    return drawing
```

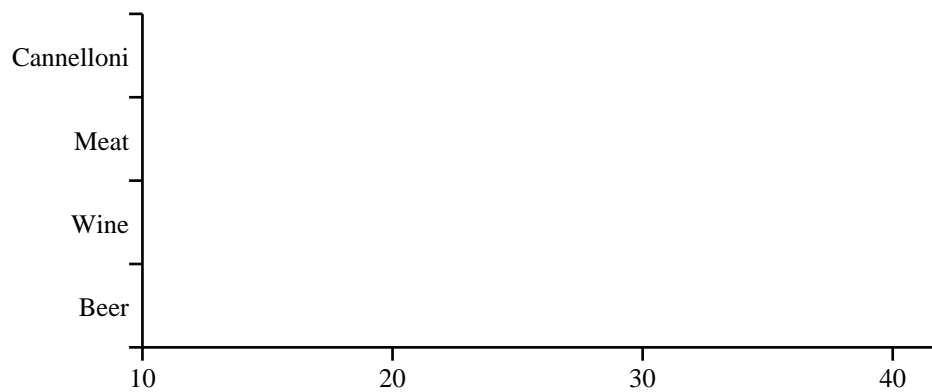


sample7b()

Sample drawing, xvalue/ycat axes, y connected at left of x.

Example

```
def sample7b():
    "Sample drawing, xvalue/ycat axes, y connected at left of x."
    drawing = Drawing(400, 200)
    data = [(10, 20, 30, 42)]
    xAxis = XValueAxis()
    xAxis._length = 300
    xAxis.configure(data)
    yAxis = YCategoryAxis()
    yAxis.setPosition(50, 50, 125)
    yAxis.joinAxis = xAxis
    yAxis.joinAxisMode = 'left'
    yAxis.categoryNames = ['Beer', 'Wine', 'Meat', 'Cannelloni']
    yAxis.labels.boxAnchor = 'e'
    yAxis.configure(data)
    drawing.add(xAxis)
    drawing.add(yAxis)
    return drawing
```

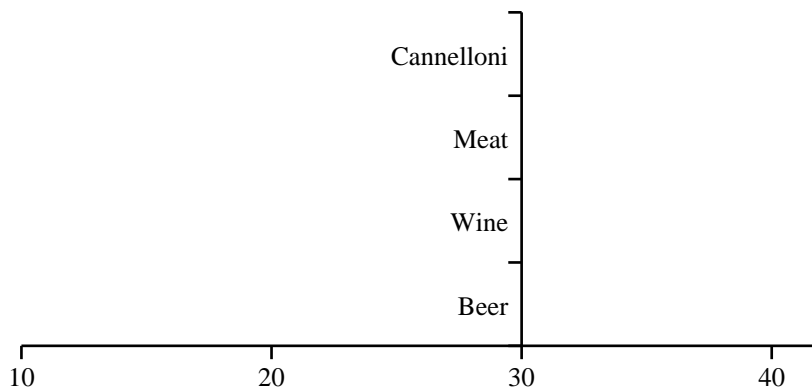


sample7c()

Sample drawing, xvalue/ycat axes, y connected at value 30 of x.

Example

```
def sample7c():
    "Sample drawing, xvalue/ycat axes, y connected at value 30 of x."
    drawing = Drawing(400, 200)
    data = [(10, 20, 30, 42)]
    xAxis = XValueAxis()
    xAxis._length = 300
    xAxis.configure(data)
    yAxis = YCategoryAxis()
    yAxis.setPosition(50, 50, 125)
    yAxis.joinAxis = xAxis
    yAxis.joinAxisMode = 'value'
    yAxis.joinAxisPos = 30
    yAxis.categoryNames = ['Beer', 'Wine', 'Meat', 'Cannelloni']
    yAxis.labels.boxAnchor = 'e'
    yAxis.configure(data)
    drawing.add(xAxis)
    drawing.add(yAxis)
    return drawing
```

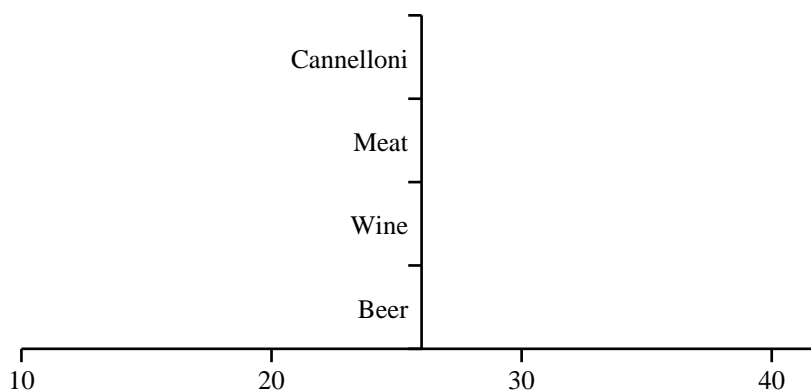


sample7d()

Sample drawing, xvalue/ycat axes, y connected at 200 pts to x.

Example

```
def sample7d():
    "Sample drawing, xvalue/ycat axes, y connected at 200 pts to x."
    drawing = Drawing(400, 200)
    data = [(10, 20, 30, 42)]
    xAxis = XValueAxis()
    xAxis._length = 300
    xAxis.configure(data)
    yAxis = YCategoryAxis()
    yAxis.setPosition(50, 50, 125)
    yAxis.joinAxis = xAxis
    yAxis.joinAxisMode = 'points'
    yAxis.joinAxisPos = 200
    yAxis.categoryNames = ['Beer', 'Wine', 'Meat', 'Cannelloni']
    yAxis.labels.boxAnchor = 'e'
    yAxis.configure(data)
    drawing.add(xAxis)
    drawing.add(yAxis)
    return drawing
```



piecharts

Basic Pie Chart class.

This permits you to customize and pop out individual wedges;
supports elliptical and circular pies.

Classes

Pie(Widget)

Public Attributes

data list of numbers defining wedge sizes; need not sum to 1

direction 'clockwise' or 'anticlockwise'

height height of pie bounding box. Need not be same as height.

labels optional list of labels to use for each data point

slices collection of wedge descriptor objects

startAngle angle of first slice; like the compass, 0 is due North

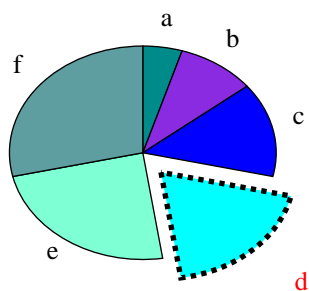
width width of pie bounding box. Need not be same as width.

x X position of the chart within its container.

y Y position of the chart within its container.

Example

```
def demo(self):
    d = Drawing(200, 100)
    pc = Pie()
    pc.x = 50
    pc.y = 10
    pc.width = 100
    pc.height = 80
    pc.data = [10,20,30,40,50,60]
    pc.labels = ['a','b','c','d','e','f']
    pc.slices.strokeWidth=0.5
    pc.slices[3].popout = 10
    pc.slices[3].strokeWidth = 2
    pc.slices[3].strokeDashArray = [2,2]
    pc.slices[3].labelRadius = 1.75
    pc.slices[3].fontColor = colors.red
    pc.slices[0].fillColor = colors.darkcyan
    pc.slices[1].fillColor = colors.blueviolet
    pc.slices[2].fillColor = colors.blue
    pc.slices[3].fillColor = colors.cyan
    pc.slices[4].fillColor = colors.aquamarine
    pc.slices[5].fillColor = colors.cadetblue
    pc.slices[6].fillColor = colors.lightcoral
    d.add(pc)
    return d
```



Properties of Example Widget

```
data = [1]
direction = 'clockwise'
height = 100
labels = None
slices = <reportlab.graphics.widgetbase.TypedPropertyCollection instance at 0127258C>
startAngle = 90
width = 100
x = 0
y = 0
```

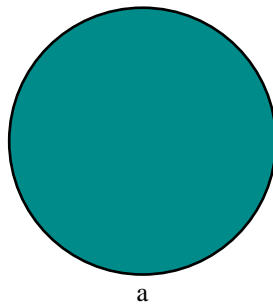

Functions

sample0a()

Make a degenerated pie chart with only one slice.

Example

```
def sample0a():
    "Make a degenerated pie chart with only one slice."
    d = Drawing(400, 200)
    pc = Pie()
    pc.x = 150
    pc.y = 50
    pc.data = [10]
    pc.labels = ['a']
    pc.slices.strokeWidth=1#0.5
    d.add(pc)
    return d
```

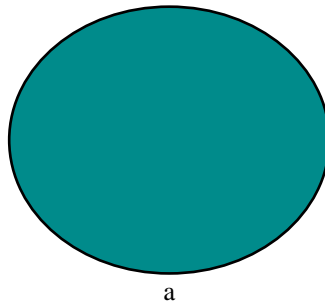


sample0b()

Make a degenerated pie chart with only one slice.

Example

```
def sample0b():  
    "Make a degenerated pie chart with only one slice."  
    d = Drawing(400, 200)  
    pc = Pie()  
    pc.x = 150  
    pc.y = 50  
    pc.width = 120  
    pc.height = 100  
    pc.data = [10]  
    pc.labels = ['a']  
    pc.slices.strokeWidth=1#0.5  
    d.add(pc)  
    return d
```

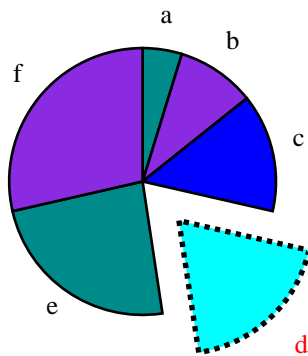


sample1()

Make a typical pie chart with with one slice treated in a special way.

Example

```
def sample1():  
    "Make a typical pie chart with with one slice treated in a special way."  
    d = Drawing(400, 200)  
    pc = Pie()  
    pc.x = 150  
    pc.y = 50  
    pc.data = [10, 20, 30, 40, 50, 60]  
    pc.labels = ['a', 'b', 'c', 'd', 'e', 'f']  
    pc.slices.strokeWidth=1#0.5  
    pc.slices[3].popout = 20  
    pc.slices[3].strokeWidth = 2  
    pc.slices[3].strokeDashArray = [2,2]  
    pc.slices[3].labelRadius = 1.75  
    pc.slices[3].fontColor = colors.red  
    d.add(pc)  
    return d
```

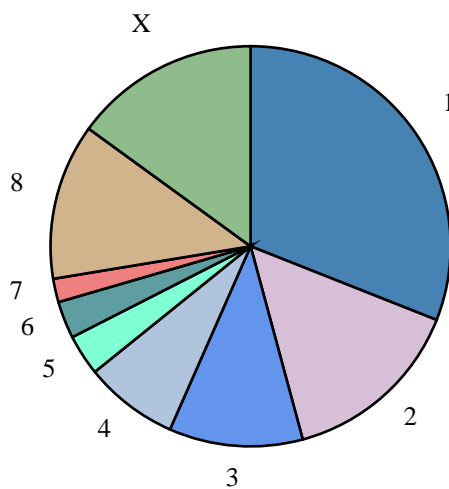


sample2()

Make a pie chart with nine slices.

Example

```
def sample2():
    "Make a pie chart with nine slices."
    d = Drawing(400, 200)
    pc = Pie()
    pc.x = 125
    pc.y = 25
    pc.data = [0.31, 0.148, 0.108,
               0.076, 0.033, 0.03,
               0.019, 0.126, 0.15]
    pc.labels = ['1', '2', '3', '4', '5', '6', '7', '8', 'X']
    pc.width = 150
    pc.height = 150
    pc.slices.strokeWidth=1#0.5
    pc.slices[0].fillColor = colors.steelblue
    pc.slices[1].fillColor = colors.thistle
    pc.slices[2].fillColor = colors.cornflower
    pc.slices[3].fillColor = colors.lightsteelblue
    pc.slices[4].fillColor = colors.aquamarine
    pc.slices[5].fillColor = colors.cadetblue
    pc.slices[6].fillColor = colors.lightcoral
    pc.slices[7].fillColor = colors.tan
    pc.slices[8].fillColor = colors.darkseagreen
    d.add(pc)
    return d
```

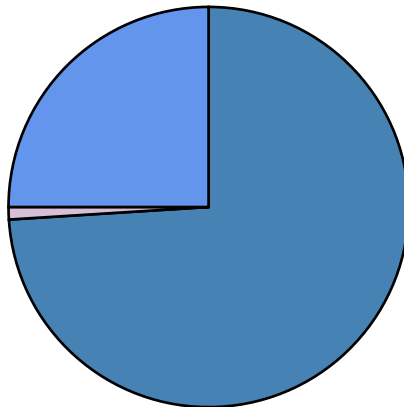


sample3()

Make a pie chart with a very slim slice.

Example

```
def sample3():
    "Make a pie chart with a very slim slice."
    d = Drawing(400, 200)
    pc = Pie()
    pc.x = 125
    pc.y = 25
    pc.data = [74, 1, 25]
    pc.width = 150
    pc.height = 150
    pc.slices.strokeWidth=1#0.5
    pc.slices[0].fillColor = colors.steelblue
    pc.slices[1].fillColor = colors.thistle
    pc.slices[2].fillColor = colors.cornflower
    d.add(pc)
    return d
```

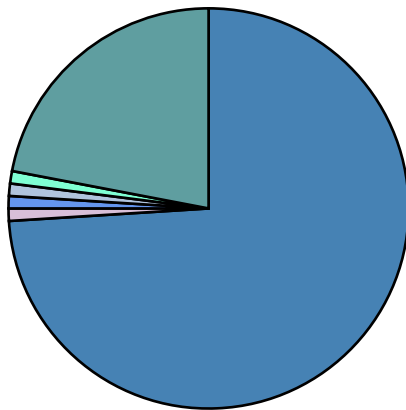


sample4()

Make a pie chart with several very slim slices.

Example

```
def sample4():  
    "Make a pie chart with several very slim slices."  
    d = Drawing(400, 200)  
    pc = Pie()  
    pc.x = 125  
    pc.y = 25  
    pc.data = [74, 1, 1, 1, 1, 22]  
    pc.width = 150  
    pc.height = 150  
    pc.slices.strokeWidth=1#0.5  
    pc.slices[0].fillColor = colors.steelblue  
    pc.slices[1].fillColor = colors.thistle  
    pc.slices[2].fillColor = colors.cornflower  
    pc.slices[3].fillColor = colors.lightsteelblue  
    pc.slices[4].fillColor = colors.aquamarine  
    pc.slices[5].fillColor = colors.cadetblue  
    d.add(pc)  
    return d
```



lineplots

This module defines a very preliminary Line Plot example.

Classes

LinePlot(Widget)

Line plot with multiple lines.

Both x- and y-axis are value axis (so there are no separate X and Y versions of this class).

Public Attributes

data Data to be plotted, list of (lists of) x/y tuples.

debug Used only for debugging.

fillColor Color used for background interior of plot area.

height Height of the chart.

joinedLines Display data points joined with lines if true.

lineLabelFormat Formatting string or function used for data point labels.

lineLabelNudge Distance between a data point and its label.

lineLabels Handle to the list of data point labels.

lines Handle of the lines.

reversePlotOrder If true reverse plot order.

strokeColor Color used for background border of plot area.

width Width of the chart.

x X position of the lower-left corner of the chart.

xValueAxis Handle of the x axis.

y Y position of the lower-left corner of the chart.

yValueAxis Handle of the y axis.

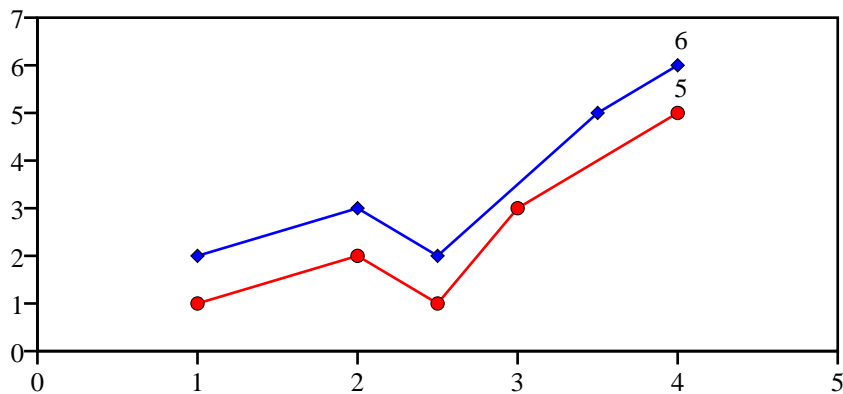
Example

```
def demo(self):
    """Shows basic use of a line chart."""
    drawing = Drawing(400, 200)
    data = [
        ((1,1), (2,2), (2.5,1), (3,3), (4,5)),
        ((1,2), (2,3), (2.5,2), (3.5,5), (4,6))
    ]
    lp = LinePlot()
    lp.x = 50
    lp.y = 50
    lp.height = 125
    lp.width = 300
    lp.data = data
    lp.joinedLines = 1
    lp.lineLabelFormat = '%2.0f'
    lp.strokeColor = colors.black
    lp.lines[0].strokeColor = colors.red
    lp.lines[0].symbol = makeMarker('FilledCircle')
```

```

lp.lines[1].strokeColor = colors.blue
lp.lines[1].symbol = makeMarker('FilledDiamond')
lp.xValueAxis.valueMin = 0
lp.xValueAxis.valueMax = 5
lp.xValueAxis.valueStep = 1
lp.yValueAxis.valueMin = 0
lp.yValueAxis.valueMax = 7
lp.yValueAxis.valueStep = 1
drawing.add(lp)
return drawing

```



Properties of Example Widget

```

data = [(1, 1), (2, 2), (2.5, 1), (3, 3), (4, 5)],
        ((1, 2), (2, 3), (2.5, 2), (3, 4), (4, 6))]
debug = 0
fillColor = None
height = 100
joinedLines = 1
lineLabelFormat = None
lineLabelNudge = 10
lineLabels = <reportlab.graphics.widgetbase.TypedPropertyCollection instance at 012BCD74>
lines = <reportlab.graphics.widgetbase.TypedPropertyCollection instance at 012A5504>
reversePlotOrder = 0
strokeColor = None
width = 200
x = 0
xValueAxis.avoidBoundFrac = None
xValueAxis.forceZero = 0
xValueAxis.gridEnd = 0
xValueAxis.gridStart = 0
xValueAxis.gridStrokeColor = Color(0,0,0)
xValueAxis.gridStrokeDashArray = None
xValueAxis.gridStrokeWidth = 0.25
xValueAxis.joinAxis = None
xValueAxis.joinAxisMode = None
xValueAxis.joinAxisPos = None
xValueAxis.labelTextFormat = '%d'
xValueAxis.labels = <reportlab.graphics.widgetbase.TypedPropertyCollection instance at 01327CFC>
xValueAxis.maximumTicks = 7
xValueAxis.minimumTickSpacing = 10
xValueAxis.strokeColor = Color(0,0,0)
xValueAxis.strokeDashArray = None
xValueAxis.strokeWidth = 1
xValueAxis.tickDown = 5
xValueAxis.tickUp = 0
xValueAxis.valueMax = None
xValueAxis.valueMin = None
xValueAxis.valueStep = None
xValueAxis.visible = 1
xValueAxis.visibleAxis = 1
xValueAxis.visibleGrid = 0

```



```
xValueAxis.visibleTicks = 1
y = 0
yValueAxis.avoidBoundFrac = None
yValueAxis.forceZero = 0
yValueAxis.gridEnd = 0
yValueAxis.gridStart = 0
yValueAxis.gridStrokeColor = Color(0,0,0)
yValueAxis.gridStrokeDashArray = None
yValueAxis.gridStrokeWidth = 0.25
yValueAxis.joinAxis = None
yValueAxis.joinAxisMode = None
yValueAxis.joinAxisPos = None
yValueAxis.labelTextFormat = '%d'
yValueAxis.labels = <reportlab.graphics.widgetbase.TypedPropertyCollection instance at 012D304C>
yValueAxis.maximumTicks = 7
yValueAxis.minimumTickSpacing = 10
yValueAxis.strokeColor = Color(0,0,0)
yValueAxis.strokeDashArray = None
yValueAxis.strokeWidth = 1
yValueAxis.tickLeft = 5
yValueAxis.tickRight = 0
yValueAxis.valueMax = None
yValueAxis.valueMin = None
yValueAxis.valueStep = None
yValueAxis.visible = 1
yValueAxis.visibleAxis = 1
yValueAxis.visibleGrid = 0
yValueAxis.visibleTicks = 1
```

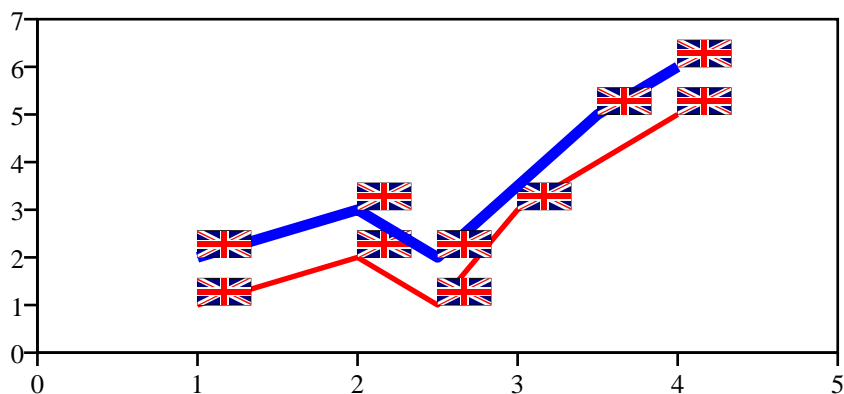
Functions

`sample1a()`

A line plot with non-equidistant points in x-axis.

Example

```
def sample1a():
    "A line plot with non-equidistant points in x-axis."
    drawing = Drawing(400, 200)
    data = [
        ((1,1), (2,2), (2.5,1), (3,3), (4,5)),
        ((1,2), (2,3), (2.5,2), (3.5,5), (4,6))
    ]
    lp = LinePlot()
    lp.x = 50
    lp.y = 50
    lp.height = 125
    lp.width = 300
    lp.data = data
    lp.joinedLines = 1
    lp.strokeColor = colors.black
    lp.lines.symbol = makeMarker('UK_Flag')
    lp.lines[0].strokeWidth = 2
    lp.lines[1].strokeWidth = 4
    lp.xValueAxis.valueMin = 0
    lp.xValueAxis.valueMax = 5
    lp.xValueAxis.valueStep = 1
    lp.yValueAxis.valueMin = 0
    lp.yValueAxis.valueMax = 7
    lp.yValueAxis.valueStep = 1
    drawing.add(lp)
    return drawing
```

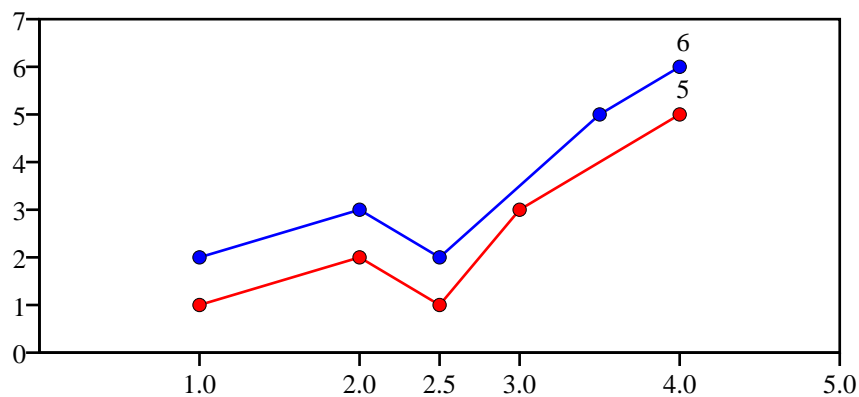


sample1b()

A line plot with non-equidistant points in x-axis.

Example

```
def sample1b():
    "A line plot with non-equidistant points in x-axis."
    drawing = Drawing(400, 200)
    data = [
        ((1,1), (2,2), (2.5,1), (3,3), (4,5)),
        ((1,2), (2,3), (2.5,2), (3.5,5), (4,6))
    ]
    lp = LinePlot()
    lp.x = 50
    lp.y = 50
    lp.height = 125
    lp.width = 300
    lp.data = data
    lp.joinedLines = 1
    lp.lines.symbol = makeMarker('Circle')
    lp.lineLabelFormat = '%2.0f'
    lp.strokeColor = colors.black
    lp.xValueAxis.valueMin = 0
    lp.xValueAxis.valueMax = 5
    lp.xValueAxis.valueSteps = [1, 2, 2.5, 3, 4, 5]
    lp.xValueAxis.labelTextFormat = '%2.1f'
    lp.yValueAxis.valueMin = 0
    lp.yValueAxis.valueMax = 7
    lp.yValueAxis.valueStep = 1
    drawing.add(lp)
    return drawing
```

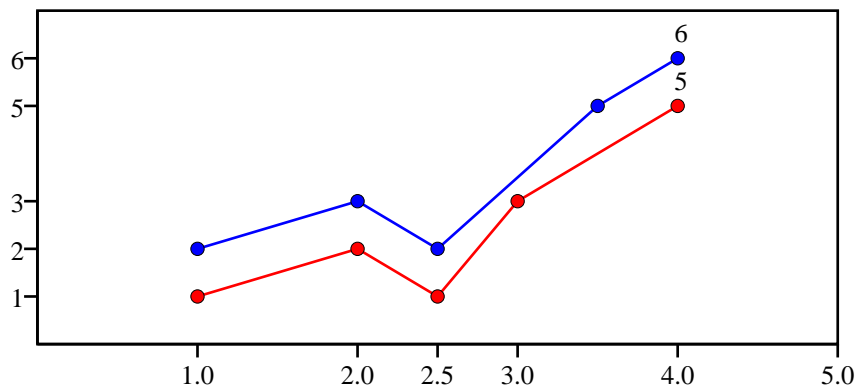


sample1c()

A line plot with non-equidistant points in x-axis.

Example

```
def sample1c():
    "A line plot with non-equidistant points in x-axis."
    drawing = Drawing(400, 200)
    data = [
        ((1,1), (2,2), (2.5,1), (3,3), (4,5)),
        ((1,2), (2,3), (2.5,2), (3.5,5), (4,6))
    ]
    lp = LinePlot()
    lp.x = 50
    lp.y = 50
    lp.height = 125
    lp.width = 300
    lp.data = data
    lp.joinedLines = 1
    lp.lines[0].symbol = makeMarker('FilledCircle')
    lp.lines[1].symbol = makeMarker('Circle')
    lp.lineLabelFormat = '%2.0f'
    lp.strokeColor = colors.black
    lp.xValueAxis.valueMin = 0
    lp.xValueAxis.valueMax = 5
    lp.xValueAxis.valueSteps = [1, 2, 2.5, 3, 4, 5]
    lp.xValueAxis.labelTextFormat = '%2.1f'
    lp.yValueAxis.valueMin = 0
    lp.yValueAxis.valueMax = 7
    lp.yValueAxis.valueSteps = [1, 2, 3, 5, 6]
    drawing.add(lp)
    return drawing
```

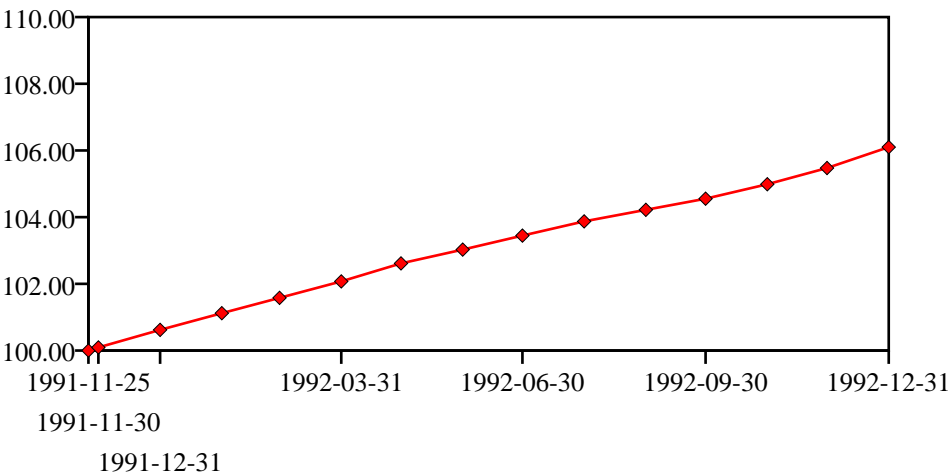


sample2()

A line plot with non-equidistant points in x-axis.

Example

```
def sample2():
    "A line plot with non-equidistant points in x-axis."
    drawing = Drawing(400, 200)
    data = [
        ('25/11/1991', 1),
        ('30/11/1991', 1.000933333),
        ('31/12/1991', 1.0062),
        ('31/01/1992', 1.0112),
        ('29/02/1992', 1.0158),
        ('31/03/1992', 1.020733333),
        ('30/04/1992', 1.026133333),
        ('31/05/1992', 1.030266667),
        ('30/06/1992', 1.034466667),
        ('31/07/1992', 1.038733333),
        ('31/08/1992', 1.0422),
        ('30/09/1992', 1.045533333),
        ('31/10/1992', 1.049866667),
        ('30/11/1992', 1.054733333),
        ('31/12/1992', 1.061),
    ],
    ]
    data[0] = preprocessData(data[0])
    lp = LinePlot()
    lp.x = 50
    lp.y = 50
    lp.height = 125
    lp.width = 300
    lp.data = data
    lp.joinedLines = 1
    lp.lines.symbol = makeMarker('FilledDiamond')
    lp.strokeColor = colors.black
    start = mktime(mkTimeTuple('25/11/1991'))
    t0 = mktime(mkTimeTuple('30/11/1991'))
    t1 = mktime(mkTimeTuple('31/12/1991'))
    t2 = mktime(mkTimeTuple('31/03/1992'))
    t3 = mktime(mkTimeTuple('30/06/1992'))
    t4 = mktime(mkTimeTuple('30/09/1992'))
    end = mktime(mkTimeTuple('31/12/1992'))
    lp.xValueAxis.valueMin = start
    lp.xValueAxis.valueMax = end
    lp.xValueAxis.valueSteps = [start, t0, t1, t2, t3, t4, end]
    lp.xValueAxis.labelTextFormat = seconds2str
    lp.xValueAxis.labels[1].dy = -20
    lp.xValueAxis.labels[2].dy = -35
    lp.yValueAxis.labelTextFormat = '%4.2f'
    lp.yValueAxis.valueMin = 100
    lp.yValueAxis.valueMax = 110
    lp.yValueAxis.valueStep = 2
    drawing.add(lp)
    return drawing
```



grids

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Classes

DoubleGrid(Widget)

This combines two ordinary Grid objects orthogonal to each other.

Public Attributes

grid0 The first grid component.

grid1 The second grid component.

height The grid's height.

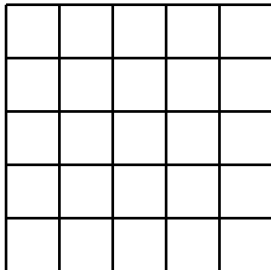
width The grid's width.

x The grid's lower-left x position.

y The grid's lower-left y position.

Example

```
def demo(self):
    D = Drawing(100, 100)
    g = DoubleGrid()
    D.add(g)
    return D
```



Properties of Example Widget

```
grid0.delta = 20
grid0.delta0 = 0
grid0.deltaSteps = []
grid0.fillColor = Color(1,1,1)
grid0.height = 100
grid0.orientation = 'vertical'
grid0.stripeColors = [Color(1,0,0), Color(0,.501961,0), Color(0,0,1)]
grid0.strokeColor = Color(0,0,0)
grid0.strokeWidth = 1
grid0.useLines = 1
grid0.useRects = 0
grid0.width = 100
grid0.x = 0
grid0.y = 0
grid1.delta = 20
grid1.delta0 = 0
grid1.deltaSteps = []
```

```
grid1.fillColor = Color(1,1,1)
grid1.height = 100
grid1.orientation = 'horizontal'
grid1.stripeColors = [Color(1,0,0), Color(0,.501961,0), Color(0,0,1)]
grid1.strokeColor = Color(0,0,0)
grid1.strokeWidth = 1
grid1.useLines = 1
grid1.useRects = 0
grid1.width = 100
grid1.x = 0
grid1.y = 0
height = 100
width = 100
x = 0
y = 0
```


Grid(Widget)

This makes a rectangular grid of equidistant stripes.

The grid contains an outer border rectangle, and stripes inside which can be drawn with lines and/or as solid tiles. The drawing order is: outer rectangle, then lines and tiles.

The stripes' width is indicated as 'delta'. The sequence of stripes can have an offset named 'delta0'. Both values need to be positive!

Public Attributes

delta Determines the width/height of the stripes.

delta0 Determines the stripes initial width/height offset.

deltaSteps List of deltas to be used cyclically.

fillColor Background color for entire rectangle.

height The grid's height.

orientation Determines if stripes are vertical or horizontal.

stripeColors Colors applied cyclically in the right or upper direction.

strokeColor Color used for lines.

strokeWidth Width used for lines.

useLines Determines if stripes are drawn with lines.

useRects Determines if stripes are drawn with solid rectangles.

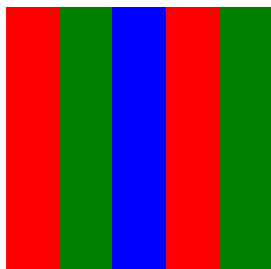
width The grid's width.

x The grid's lower-left x position.

y The grid's lower-left y position.

Example

```
def demo(self):
    D = Drawing(100, 100)
    g = Grid()
    D.add(g)
    return D
```



Properties of Example Widget

```
delta = 20
delta0 = 0
```

```
deltaSteps = []
fillColor = Color(1,1,1)
height = 100
orientation = 'vertical'
stripeColors = [Color(1,0,0), Color(0,.501961,0), Color(0,0,1)]
strokeColor = Color(0,0,0)
strokeWidth = 2
useLines = 0
useRects = 1
width = 100
x = 0
y = 0
```

ShadedRect (Widget)

This makes a rectangle with shaded colors between two colors.

Colors are interpolated linearly between 'fillColorStart' and 'fillColorEnd', both of which appear at the margins. If 'numShades' is set to one, though, only 'fillColorStart' is used.

Public Attributes

cylinderMode True if shading reverses in middle.

fillColorEnd End value of the color shade.

fillColorStart Start value of the color shade.

height The grid's height.

numShades The number of interpolating colors.

orientation Determines if stripes are vertical or horizontal.

strokeColor Color used for border line.

strokeWidth Width used for lines.

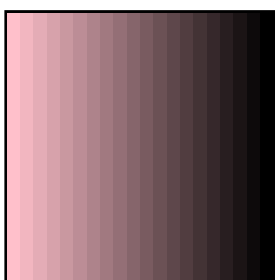
width The grid's width.

x The grid's lower-left x position.

y The grid's lower-left y position.

Example

```
def demo(self):
    D = Drawing(100, 100)
    g = ShadedRect()
    D.add(g)
    return D
```



Properties of Example Widget

```
cylinderMode = 0
fillColorEnd = Color(0,0,0)
fillColorStart = Color(1,.752941,.796078)
height = 100
numShades = 20
orientation = 'vertical'
strokeColor = Color(0,0,0)
strokeWidth = 2
width = 100
x = 0
y = 0
```

flags

This file is a collection of flag graphics as widgets.

All flags are represented at the ratio of 1:2, even where the official ratio for the flag is something else (such as 3:5 for the German national flag). The only exceptions are for where this would look *_very_* wrong, such as the Danish flag whose (ratio is 28:37), or the Swiss flag (which is square).

Unless otherwise stated, these flags are all the 'national flags' of the countries, rather than their state flags, naval flags, ensigns or any other variants. (National flags are the flag flown by civilians of a country and the ones usually used to represent a country abroad. State flags are the variants used by the government and by diplomatic missions overseas).

To check on how close these are to the 'official' representations of flags, check the World Flag Database at <http://www.flags.ndirect.co.uk/>

The flags this file contains are:

EU Members:

United Kingdom, Austria, Belgium, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, Holland (The Netherlands), Spain, Sweden

Others:

USA, Czech Republic, European Union, Switzerland, Turkey

Classes

Flag(*_Symbol*)

This is a generic flag class that all the flags in this file use as a basis.

This class basically provides edges and a tidy-up routine to hide any bits of line that overlap the 'outside' of the flag

possible attributes:

'x', 'y', 'size', 'fillColor'

Public Attributes

border Whether a background is drawn

dx symbol x coordinate adjustment

dy symbol x coordinate adjustment

fillColor Background color

kind Which flag

size None

strokeColor None

strokeWidth None

x symbol x coordinate

y symbol y coordinate

Star(_Symbol)

This draws a 5-pointed star.

possible attributes:

'x', 'y', 'size', 'fillColor', 'strokeColor'

Public Attributes

angle angle in degrees

dx symbol x coordinate adjustment

dy symbol x coordinate adjustment

fillColor None

size None

strokeColor None

strokeWidth None

x symbol x coordinate

y symbol y coordinate

signsandsymbols

This file is a collection of widgets to produce some common signs and symbols.

Widgets include:

- ETriangle (an equilateral triangle),
- RTriangle (a right angled triangle),
- Octagon,
- Crossbox,
- Tickbox,
- SmileyFace,
- StopSign,
- NoEntry,
- NotAllowed (the red roundel from 'no smoking' signs),
- NoSmoking,
- DangerSign (a black exclamation point in a yellow triangle),
- YesNo (returns a tickbox or a crossbox depending on a testvalue),
- FloppyDisk,
- ArrowOne, and
- ArrowTwo

Classes

ArrowOne(_Symbol)

This widget draws an arrow (style one).

possible attributes:

'x', 'y', 'size', 'fillColor'

Public Attributes

dx symbol x coordinate adjustment

dy symbol x coordinate adjustment

fillColor None

size None

strokeColor None

strokeWidth None

x symbol x coordinate

y symbol y coordinate

ArrowTwo (ArrowOne)

This widget draws an arrow (style two).

possible attributes:

'x', 'y', 'size', 'fillColor'

Public Attributes

dx symbol x coordinate adjustment

dy symbol x coordinate adjustment

fillColor None

size None

strokeColor None

strokeWidth None

x symbol x coordinate

y symbol y coordinate

Crossbox (_Symbol)

This draws a black box with a red cross in it - a 'checkbox'.

possible attributes:

'x', 'y', 'size', 'crossColor', 'strokeColor', 'crosswidth'

Public Attributes

crossColor None

crosswidth None

dx symbol x coordinate adjustment

dy symbol x coordinate adjustment

fillColor None

size None

strokeColor None

strokeWidth None

x symbol x coordinate

y symbol y coordinate

DangerSign(_Symbol)

This draws a 'danger' sign: a yellow box with a black exclamation point.

possible attributes:

'x', 'y', 'size', 'strokeColor', 'fillColor', 'strokeWidth'

Public Attributes

dx symbol x coordinate adjustment

dy symbol x coordinate adjustment

fillColor None

size None

strokeColor None

strokeWidth None

x symbol x coordinate

y symbol y coordinate

ETriangle(_Symbol)

This draws an equilateral triangle.

Public Attributes

dx symbol x coordinate adjustment

dy symbol x coordinate adjustment

fillColor None

size None

strokeColor None

strokeWidth None

x symbol x coordinate

y symbol y coordinate

FloppyDisk(_Symbol)

This widget draws an icon of a floppy disk.

possible attributes:

'x', 'y', 'size', 'diskcolor'

Public Attributes

diskColor None

dx symbol x coordinate adjustment

dy symbol x coordinate adjustment

fillColor None

size None

strokeColor None

strokeWidth None

x symbol x coordinate

y symbol y coordinate

NoEntry(_Symbol)

This draws a (British) No Entry sign - a red circle with a white line on it.

possible attributes:

'x', 'y', 'size'

Public Attributes

dx symbol x coordinate adjustment

dy symbol x coordinate adjustment

fillColor None

innerBarColor color of the inner bar

size None

strokeColor None

strokeWidth None

x symbol x coordinate

y symbol y coordinate

NoSmoking(NotAllowed)

This draws a no-smoking sign.

possible attributes:

'x', 'y', 'size'

Public Attributes

dx symbol x coordinate adjustment

dy symbol x coordinate adjustment

fillColor None

size None

strokeColor None

strokeWidth None

x symbol x coordinate

y symbol y coordinate

NotAllowed(_Symbol)

This draws a 'forbidden' roundel (as used in the no-smoking sign).

possible attributes:

'x', 'y', 'size'

Public Attributes

dx symbol x coordinate adjustment

dy symbol x coordinate adjustment

fillColor None

size None

strokeColor None

strokeWidth None

x symbol x coordinate

y symbol y coordinate

Octagon(_Symbol)

This widget draws an Octagon.

possible attributes:

'x', 'y', 'size', 'fillColor', 'strokeColor'

Public Attributes

dx symbol x coordinate adjustment

dy symbol x coordinate adjustment

fillColor None

size None

strokeColor None

strokeWidth None

x symbol x coordinate

y symbol y coordinate

RTriangle(_Symbol)

This draws a right-angled triangle.

possible attributes:

'x', 'y', 'size', 'fillColor', 'strokeColor'

Public Attributes

dx symbol x coordinate adjustment

dy symbol x coordinate adjustment

fillColor None

size None

strokeColor None

strokeWidth None

x symbol x coordinate

y symbol y coordinate

SmileyFace(_Symbol)

This draws a classic smiley face.

possible attributes:

'x', 'y', 'size', 'fillColor'

Public Attributes

dx symbol x coordinate adjustment

dy symbol x coordinate adjustment

fillColor None

size None

strokeColor None

strokeWidth None

x symbol x coordinate

y symbol y coordinate

StopSign(_Symbol)

This draws a (British) stop sign.

possible attributes:

'x', 'y', 'size'

Public Attributes

dx symbol x coordinate adjustment

dy symbol x coordinate adjustment

fillColor None

size None

stopColor color of the word stop

strokeColor None

strokeWidth None

x symbol x coordinate

y symbol y coordinate

Tickbox(__Symbol)

This draws a black box with a red tick in it - another 'checkbox'.

possible attributes:

'x', 'y', 'size', 'tickColor', 'strokeColor', 'tickwidth'

Public Attributes

dx symbol x coordinate adjustment

dy symbol x coordinate adjustment

fillColor None

size None

strokeColor None

strokeWidth None

tickColor None

tickwidth None

x symbol x coordinate

y symbol y coordinate

YesNo(__Symbol)

This widget draw a tickbox or crossbox depending on 'testValue'.

If this widget is supplied with a 'True' or 1 as a value for testValue, it will use the tickbox widget. Otherwise, it will produce a crossbox.

possible attributes:

'x', 'y', 'size', 'tickcolor', 'crosscolor', 'testValue'

Public Attributes

crosscolor None

dx symbol x coordinate adjustment

dy symbol x coordinate adjustment

fillColor None

size None
strokeColor None
strokeWidth None
testValue None
tickcolor None
x symbol x coordinate
y symbol y coordinate

`__Symbol(Widget)`

Abstract base widget
possible attributes:
'x', 'y', 'size', 'fillColor', 'strokeColor'

Public Attributes

dx symbol x coordinate adjustment
dy symbol x coordinate adjustment
fillColor None
size None
strokeColor None
strokeWidth None
x symbol x coordinate
y symbol y coordinate